Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

Public Debt Statement for July—Reduction of Over $7,000,000 During the Month and $43,000,000 Since March—New Issue of Greenbacks Ordered.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2, 1869.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The following is a summary of the public debt statement issued to-day:

Debt bearing interest in coin	$2,107,931,360 00
Debt bearing interest in lawful money	64,810 000 00
Debt bearing no interest	423,872,859 12
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	4,790,060 64
Total debt, principal outstanding	$2,601 404,215 76
Accrued interest to date and Coupons due not presented for payment	$ 33,718,522 08
Total debt, principal and interest	$2,635,122,738 57
Amount in Treasury: coin belonging to government	66,105,770 92
Coin certificates of deposit outstanding	56,725 340 00
Currency	24,381,654 29
Sinking fund: in U. S. Coin, interest bonds and interest collected and accrued thereon	$119,321 470 07
Other U. S. coin, U. S. interest bonds purchased and accrued interest thereon	$15,110,599 00
Total	$158,656,002 28
Amount of public debt, less cash in sinking fund and purchased bonds in Treasury	$2,431 566,736 29
Amount of public debt, less cash and sinking fund in Treasury, on this day	$2,439,002,480 58
Decrease of the public debt during the past month	$7,445,744 29
Decrease since March 1st, 1869	$43 896,523 72

The reduction would have been larger had not the Government advanced to the Pacific Railroad during the month interest on their bonds to the amount of $1,636,861, and paid on the last day of the month an unusually large number of drafts to the amount of more than two and a half millions of dollars.

The above statement does not include the amount paid out on account of public debt. Over fourteen million dollars were paid out during the month on account of interest alone.

NEW ISSUE OF GREENBACKS.

In consequence of the spurious issue of the ten dollar greenbacks, Secretary Boutwell has concluded to have a new issue of all denominations of greenbacks from one to the thousand dollar notes. The plates are now being engraved at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The designs are entirely new. No likeness of any living man will be placed on any note. The engraving of the new issues and printing of the faces and seals of all the denominations will be performed in the printing and engraving bureau, while the backs will be printed in New York. There will be every possible caution to prevent frauds, including the taking of lead impressions of electrotype plates.

APPRENTICES APPOINTED.

Superintendent Clapp, of the Government Printing Office, has appointed eight apprentices, two of whom are colored.

JULY WARRANTS.

The warrants drawn by the Treasury during July were: War Department, $7,183,694; Navy Department, $2,066,160; Interior Department, $1,084,714; Miscellaneous, $6,202,875; total, $16,538,353.

CUBAN REVOLUTION.

Attack on Puerto Principe—Great Dearth of Provisions—Activity of the Insurgents, &c., &c.

HAVANA, July 31.—It is reported that two slavers landed in Cinco Villas district, on account of Zulueta Marino.

On Wednesday last 5,000 negro insurgents attacked Puerto Principe, making a general raid throughout the city. The Spanish troops to the number of 3,000 men attacked them. A severe struggle ensued, in which the ground was contested inch by inch, the insurgents retiring in perfect order, having achieved the object for which they made the raid. They captured and destroyed provisions valued at $50,000, and made good their retreat. The Spaniards do not give any estimate of the patriot loss. Thirty-four wounded of their army were taken to the barracks.

There is great dearth of provisions and consequently great misery.

At Santiago de Cuba, on the 24th, the Patriots' detachments, which have been attacking the fortified plantations for some time past, defeated the Spanish reinforcements sent to meet them. Col. Camaro, commanding the Spanish forces, was wounded. The expedition was compelled to retreat to the city. It is stated that as soon as preparations are completed the Patriots will attack Santiago de Cuba.

The negro militia that made a raid upon Puerto Principe enabled a number of families to escape from the Spaniards. The investment of Puerto Principe is expected.

Mr. Ferguson, long imprisoned at Mancillo, has obtained his release. A number of political prisoners have also been released. In consequence of certain correspondence having been intercepted, more important information is expected.

The sales of confiscated property take place at auction. It is suggested the police make a registration of the slaves owned by the disloyal masters. More troops are demanded from the interior. The Insurgents are increasing in numbers and activity.

NEW YORK, August 2.—The *Herald* says: It has been rumored in Washington that belligerent rights would be accorded to Cubans by our Government within ten days, and bets to that effect were offered. The rumor has no foundation, however, as Cuban questions have not been before the Cabinet for at least three weeks.

HAVANA, August 2.—Mr. Waltz, relative of the American Consul at Sagua La Grande, has been arrested and sent to Havana.

Four hundred colored soldiers have left in a Spanish steamer for Neuvitas. The same men composed a portion of the last Spanish expedition to Mexico.

Advices from Puerto Principe represent the garrison abundantly supplied with provisions. Skirmishes are reported at Santa Espirtu, Villa Clara and Trinidad, in which the Spanish troops were successful.

CHICAGO.

The Wahsatch on Another Trip—Bankrupt Dividend—Alleged Horse Thief Taken from Jail by a Mob and Hung—Return of the Commercial Party—Shocking Accident at the Sherman House—Poisoned by Mistake—A Heavy Will Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 2.—The Pullman Palace car Wahsatch, which left New York on Saturday morning, for Sacramento direct, arrived here this morning via the Michigan Central, and left this afternoon via the Northwestern road.

The Treasurer of Illinois received, on Saturday, ten thousand two hundred and eighty dollars from the bankrupt estate of Randolph, Wright & Co., a London banking firm, who failed many years ago owing the State of Illinois about one hundred thousand dollars, which they had received for bonds sold for the State. This is the third dividend received, the three aggregating about thirty thousand dollars.

Brief mention has already been dispatched of the killing of Deputy Sheriff Pratt, of Tazewell county, Illinois, by a band of horse thieves, of whom he was in pursuit, and also the wounding of the jailer. The following are the particulars of the killing, the arrest of the supposed murderer and what followed their arrest: The horse thieves had been arrested, but their attorney succeeded in releasing them, on the ground that there had been no warrant issued. Procuring proper papers Deputy Sheriff Henry Pratt, with three others, among whom was the jailer, started after the men. This was Friday morning. Between nine and ten o'clock at night they met three men on the road, who looked suspicious. Upon their refusal to halt, the Sheriff and party fired, using every shot. When they ceased the desperados fired. The first volley killed Deputy Sheriff Pratt almost instantly, and seriously injured the jailer. The thieves succeeded in escaping and the party returned home. When the facts were known the wildest excitement prevailed at Pekin. On Saturday morning Marshal Stone, with fifty citizen volunteers armed to the teeth, set out to capture the villains. They scoured the whole country and found six men, who could not give a good account of themselves. These were brought to Pekin and put in jail. The excitement was now at fever heat. Men from all parts of the country came pouring into Pekin, swearing vengeance. A mob was soon raised, composed of from five hundred to eight hundred men, and embracing leading citizens of Pekin and Delavan. The throng surrounded the jail and demanded the prisoners. Not getting them they threatened force. Nothing, however, was attempted till late at night, when the crowd increased. The clamor was kept up until three o'clock Sunday morning, when the doors were broken down and the mob rushed into the jail building and demanded the keys of the cell where the ringleader, Bill Berry, was confined. The Sheriff refused, when a blacksmith was procured, who beat down the iron door of the iron cell. Here a desperate hand to hand encounter in the dark took place between the doomed man and the excited mob. During the melee three men were stabbed by Berry, one it is thought fatally. Shots were fired at him, one passing through his head. He was finally overcome and dragged to the nearest tree and lynched, where his body hung until daylight. The excitement is by no means allayed, and the populace still thirst for blood. Officers are still in pursuit of another man who is supposed to have shot Pratt. When he is taken a repetition of the above may be expected.

The Chicago commercial excursion party reached Omaha this morning, having with them as guests the House Committee of Ways and Means, who joined the party at Promontory. On reaching Omaha, the party paid a formal visit to Col. Chas. G. Hammond, the new Superintendent of the Union Pacific Railroad. Col. Hammond was addressed by Mr. Richards, of the commercial party, and made a reply, in which he said that the public should have no cause to complain of the management of the road. The party leave Omaha to-night and will reach here to-morrow afternoon.

At the Sherman House, this afternoon, Willie P. Vandeusen, aged about eight years, son of Wm. P. Vandeusen, a banker of this city, fell through a skylight directly over the main stairway opposite the ladies' stairway, striking on the railing near the foot of the lower flight, and from there was thrown upon the marble floor, breaking his shoulder and arm, and fracturing his skull in a fearful manner. When taken up life was extinct. He was a remarkably bright and beautiful boy, and his shocking death caused intense sorrow among the Sherman House guests, with whom he was a great favorite.

A young man named George Deming, belonging at South Bend, was fatally poisoned on Saturday afternoon by the carelessness of a druggist, who gave him aconite for brandy to relieve him of a sudden attack of summer complaint. He died at the Briggs House an hour after taking the aconite.

Suit has been commenced by Mrs. Julia Newberry, widow of the late Walter L. Newberry, who died in December, 1868, at sea, to break the will of the deceased, on the ground of injustice to herself and deprivation of rights of dower. The estate left by deceased is now valued at three millions of dollars, and by the law of Iowa the widow is entitled to one-third. Instead of that, the will leaves her ten thousand dollars a year and the homestead. The case may be regarded as one of great magnitude.

Cincinnati Textile Fabric Exposition.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 2.—The Textile Fabric Exposition opens formally to-morrow at eleven o'clock, in Pike's Music Hall. Governor Hays, on the part of the State, and Mayor Torrence, on the part of the city, will welcome the visitors. Judge Bellamy Storer will deliver an address. Samples from two hundred exhibitors have arrived. Ohio and Georgia are most largely represented. There are some samples from East Wisconsin, but the northwest is least represented. The south has contributed largely. Ira P. Bowen, with the Chicago commercial party and two Chinamen, will be here on Wednesday, which will be the great day. A banquet closes the affair on Thursday night.

—A private dispatch from New Orleans announces the burning of the ship Pauline David, from Liverpool.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Telegraph Cable from Scotland to Quebec—World's Exhibition at London in 1871—Immense Demonstration in Behalf of Imprisoned Fenians—The Proposed Government Reforms in France—International Exhibition at Florence in 1872—The Struggle in Paraguay—Lopez Still Maintains His Position in the Mountains.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 2.—A company is organizing to lay a telegraph cable from Scotland, by way of Orkneys and Faroe islands, to Quebec. When completed the whole line will probably be purchased by the Postoffice Department.

The Commissioners of the World's Fair of 1851 have issued a prospectus for an international exhibition of fine arts, industrial and scientific inventions in 1871.

DUBLIN, August 2.—A great demonstration was made in Limerick, yesterday, in behalf of the remaining Fenian prisoners. Twenty thousand men marched in procession with bands and banners, and an open air meeting was held and addressed by various speakers. A letter to Mr. Gladstone was adopted demanding the release of the Fenians now in prison. The proceedings were most enthusiastic, but the tone of the speakers was moderate and there was no disturbance of the peace.

LONDON, August 2.—Mr. Gladstone, whose health is much improving, attended the sitting of the House of Commons this afternoon and was greeted with great cheering.

Mr. Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, informed the House that during the recess the Government would consider the desirability of purchasing the Irish railroads.

LONDON, August 2.—Dispatches from Bombay report the nephew of Shere Ali Ameer, of Cabool, had rebelled on account of certain army regulations. He was captured, with his two brothers, and sent to British territory. The Indian Government will keep them at Lapine.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 2.—The leading provisions of the *Senatus Consultum* now being prepared by the Government, bid fair to realize the ideas of the Imperial message to the Corps Legislatif. The right of parliamentary initiation will be unconditionally granted. The power of the Council of State to veto amendments to projects of law will be abolished. The Senate will specify objections made by the Corps to clauses of a bill and state the terms of alterations. Each deputy will be entitled to propose the order of the day, the Government reserving the right to refer such orders to a committee. The decree will dwell on the different phases of transforming a personal government into a liberal empire, and will lay stress on the principle of ministerial responsibility.

PARIS, August 2.—*Evening.*—The draft of the *Senatus Consultum* has been completed. It gives the Emperor and Corps Legislatif the initiative in making laws. Cabinet ministers can be members of the Corps Legislatif. The sittings of the Senate are to be public. Each body is to make its own internal regulations. The members of both chambers have the right to address interpellations to the Government. No amendment to a law is to be adopted unless it has been previously referred to a Committee charged with the duty of examining the project and of communicating to the Government. If the latter does not accept it, the Council of State will advise the Corps, which will then pronounce definitely on the subject. The Budget is to be submitted by chapters and articles. Modifications of the tariff and postal service by international treaties are to be made obligatory only by laws enacted for that purpose.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, August 2.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro July 9th has arrived. The latest news from the seat of war in Paraguay was interesting, but the operations were indecisive. The rear guard of General Barretz's column were cut off some time ago while making an absortive attempt to cross the Tibicury and march on Villa Rica, and it was supposed they had been all taken prisoners by Paraguayans, but they have since returned to the allied camp, having lost only ten men. Lopez, however, succeeded in recovering a number of non-combatant Paraguayans whom they were conveying to the Brazilian camp, but was unable to follow up his success on the Tibicury. The covered nature of the position held by Lopez in the mountains had so far prevented the allies from making a successful reconnoissance. The internal struggle in Paraguay continued. The Argentine Republic has proclaimed its neutrality in the quarrel.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, August 2.—An International Exhibition is to be held at Turin in 1872, to commemorate the completion to Mt. Cenis tunnel.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 2—*Evening.*—Consols for money, 93⅛; account 93⅛. Five-twenty bonds 83⅛; do. at Frankfort dull at 88⅝. Erie, 19¾; Illinois, 94¼. Stocks steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 2.—Cotton a shade firmer; middling uplands, 12⅞d.; do. Orleans 13@13⅛d.; sales of 15,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 8d.; red west'n 9s.5d.@9s.6d. West'n Flour 23s.9d. Corn; 30s. for old, and 29s. for new. Oats 3s.6d. Peas 41s. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Lard 70s. Cheese 62s. Bacon 62s. Common Rosin 5s. fine do. 8s. Spirits Petroleum 7½d.; refined do. 1s 6d½. Tallow 47s. Turpentine 27s.

LONDON, August 2.—Tallow 46s. Refined Petroleum 1s. 6¾d. Sugar 39s 9d. on spot, and 27s. 9d@28s. afloat. Petroleum at Antwerp 50¾f. Cotton at Havre 153f.

FRANKFORT, August 2.—*Evening.*—Five-twenties closed active at 88¾.

PARIS, August 2.—Bourse buoyant; Rentes 72f. 72c.

HAVRE, August 2—*Evening.*—Cotton closed at 153½f. for tres ordinaire on spot, and 155f. for low middlings afloat.

NEW YORK CITY.

Brutal Child Abduction Case—Yacht Seized—Pardoned—Henry Keep's Legacy—Tailors' Strike—Attempt to Drown—Jno. A. Roebling's Will—Railroad to be Sold—Fires on Sunday—Tammany Society Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 2, 1869.

It is reported that the yacht Henrietta was seized at New London, on suspicion of connection with Cuban filibusters.

James Carr, convicted last winter of intent to pass counterfeit money, has been pardoned by the President at the recommendation of the District Attorney and jury.

It is stated Henry Keep left to his wife and daughter two millions of Northwestern stock, with instructions not to sell, that it would pay better than any other investment that could be made.

The tailors' strike continues. The manufacturing tailors have determined on siding with the shop hands. Two or three firms were expected to yield to the advanced wages to-day.

One of the rooms at Long Branch Hotel was robbed of $8,000 worth of diamonds on Saturday. The thieves were arrested and the property recovered.

Patrick M'Cann tried to drown a young lady named Miss Ettie Wade, while bathing at Coney Island, on Sunday, because she repulsed an attempt at indecent liberties. He was arrested.

The late John A. Roebling's will gives his business manager $30,000, the Trenton Children's Home $15,000, the Trenton Widows' Home $25,000, his widow $100,000 and each of his children $100,000.

Jacob Willis, a clerk in Carhart, Whitford & Co's clothing establishment has been committed for trial for stealing a large quantity of goods from his employers.

The Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad will be sold on the 4th of September, at the Manchester Depot, on a writ of *fieri facias* issued by the Court of Chancery, at the suit of Charles J. Hendrickson and Stewart Brown, complainants, who are holders of mortgages.

The Eckford base ball club start on a western tour in a few days.

The anniversary of the release of the West India islands was celebrated on Sunday in the African church, Tenth street.

There were two large fires on Sunday. One at Shields' tobacco factory, 75 Bowery, caused a loss of $5,000; fully insured. The other was at 404 First avenue, the loss amounting to $10,000, shared by Messrs. Piton, Stearns and Benestein.

An attempt was made yesterday by her mother to abduct a little girl named Mary Clark, but it was unsuccessful. Great excitement was created, however, near the Duane street Methodist Church, from the door of which the attempted abduction took place. The child had been given in charge of its father by the Court, pending a divorce, and its grandparents, with whom it had gone to church, were shockingly beaten by half a dozen men who seized the child while in the church. Mrs. Clark was arrested.

An immense mass meeting of citizens was held this afternoon at Tammany Hall, under the auspices of the Tammany Society, to protest against the conduct of the government in failing to afford protection to American citizens in in Ireland and Cuba. Mayor Hall presided. Resolutions were adopted and addresses delivered by Richard O'Gorman, District Attorney Garrin and others.

The explosion of a gas holder at Niblo's Theatre, this evening, during the representation of Arra Na Pogue, created some excitement, but occasioned no damage.

The Kentucky Election—Emancipation Day Celebration.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, August 2.—The election in this city did not pass off as quietly as is usually the custom. There were several political rows, wherein fire-arms were used, but fortunately no life was sacrificed. Jas. W. Tate, Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, has a majority over his Radical opponent, E. Rumsey Wing, in this city of 5,059. Tate's majority in the State is overwhelming and will probably average 40,000 to 45,000. All the Democratic candidates for the Legislature from Louisville and Jefferson county are elected by handsome majorities.

Returns from various sections of the State indicate the election of a large number of Democratic Legislative candidates. There will probably be but about fifteen to twenty Republicans elected to the Legislature.

The new charter for the city of Louisville was carried by 2,385 majority. The people also voted by a majority of 1,623 to tax themselves $92,000 towards the construction of a railroad to connect Louisville with Shelbyville and Danville, Kentucky.

Mr. Benoni Figg, the present incumbent, was re-elected Police Commissioner in Lexington. The people voted in favor of the amount asked to aid in building the Big Sandy, Lexington and Elizabethtown Railroad.

The negroes celebrated emancipation to-day by a grand procession of their various societies through the streets. At Jeffersonville, Ind., a negro named Wm. Bowman, who was acting as marshal of a procession, fell dead from his horse.

The President in New Jersey—Presented with Fifty Acres of Land.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LONG BRANCH, August 2.—President Grant and a large party proceeded, by invitation, to the residence of Robert Campbell, President of Bricksburg Land Improvement Company, at Bricksburg, New Jersey, where the President was accorded a hearty welcome by the citizens, and after partaking of a collation was presented with fifty acres of land, which was thankfully accepted. The President visits Hon. Hamilton Fish at his home on the Hudson in a few days, thence proceeding the White Mountains and Saratoga. Secretary Robeson is here.

Freight Excitement at Buffalo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, August 2.—There is great indignation to-day among the forwarders at the high rates of tolls on canals. The railways are carrying grain at so much below what tolls will permit the boats to carry that the latter are compelled to abandon any competition for grain. A majority of the boats have been laid up.

NEW ORLEANS.

Collection of the Revenue—Ship on Fire and Sunk.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, August 2.—The Internal Revenue receipts of the First District for May, June and July show an increase over the collections for the same months in '68, of $125,000.

The ship Pauline David, from Liverpool, took fire this forenoon on the southwest pass bar. The wrecking boat Osage and tugs Republic and Ferry filled her with water and saved the ship with but little damage. The cargo, however, was considerably damaged, chiefly by water. The fire originated aft between decks, cause unknown.

Preparations for the Sun Eclipse.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, August 2.—Professor Jas. Wintack and assistants have completed all their arrangements for taking observations of the solar eclipse on the seventh instant. Their points of observation will be Falmouth, Shelbyville and Oakland, in this state. A number of professors and students at Ann Arbor University, Michigan, will arrive in a day or two at New Albany with astronomical instruments to take observations of the eclipse at a point twenty miles below New Albany, which is near the central line of the totality.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The village of Moore's Flat, Nevada county, California, was destroyed by fire July 31st. Loss, $100,000.

—Henry Brayton *alias* A. Broughton, the express robber, of Pacific City, Iowa, was arrested on Saturday and the $10,000 recovered.

—Peter Kerr, a member of the firm of J. & J. Clark & Co., manufacturers of spool cotton, was drowned while bathing at Long Branch yesterday.

—Deputy Sheriff Griggs, who was wounded in the late anti-rent trouble at East Greenbush, New York, died at his residence at Sand Lake, yesterday.

—It is positively known that General Grant will not visit Saratoga before the 15th, a cottage at the Union Hotel having been engaged for him for that date.

—Rumors of another Fenian raid on the Canadian frontier are current. The stacks of arms and cases of raw material about their headquarters in New York give a color of possibility to the report.

—Gen. R. F. Patterson, Internal Revenue collector, orders that in future all liquors brought to Memphis shall be reported to him for inspection, and that it shall not be delivered to consignees without his orders.

—Two convicts in the Auburn (N. Y.) Prison fought a duel according to the regular code, on Friday last. The weapons were knives, and the scene was the ice house. Both men were wounded, but not dangerously.

—The colored people of St. Louis celebrated the anniversary of the emancipation of slavery in the British West Indies yesterday, by a procession of Masonic and other societies, and made quite a creditable appearance.

—Wm. Cook stabbed and mortally wounded Hubert Hunt in Covington, Ky., yesterday. Cook was a brakeman on the Central Railroad, and Hunt was driver of a transfer wagon. Their quarrel was about a dollar and a half.

—John Johnson, for robbery, John Henry, for larceny, and Ben Evans, for highway robbery, were yesterday sentenced, at Memphis, to the States prison each for twelve years. Bill Atkins, for larceny, was also sent for six years.

—The funeral of Hon. Isaac Toucy was attended at his late residence in Hartford, Conn. yesterday, the remains being afterwards taken to Cedar Hill Cemetery for burial. The Hartford county Bar attended in a body, and among those present were Gov. Jewell and ex-Gov. English.

—The examination of the raftsmen engaged in the murderous riot on board the steamer Dubuque, at Hampton, on the Upper Mississippi river, has commenced at Rock Island. Forty-two of the rioters have been arrested, and thus far twelve of the leading ones have been recognized and secured.

—The number of letters mailed at the St. Louis Post-Office during the month of July, was six hundred and six thousand five hundred and fifteen. The number received from other offices and distributed there was 1,302.186. The amount of money orders issued was $24,219. Amount paid orders from other places, $91,612.

—At the commencement of the Baptist University at Lewisburg, Pa., last week, sixteen young ladies and fifteen young men graduated. A memorial tablet in honor of the Alumni who fell during the war was appropriately dedicated at the Alumni dinner. Addresses were made by President Loomis, Professor Robert Lowry, Hon. James Moor, of St. Louis, Rev. E. G. Taylor, of Chicago, and others.

—A Richmond dispatch says: Governor Wells has returned, after a tour through the Northern States. He tells his friends that the general Republican sentiment in the North is adverse to the Walker party, and he hopes that General Canby will not issue his proclamation announcing the result of the election until Congress is in session, when the matter can be delayed and passed over, and his friends can be retained in office.

—A dispatch from Joseph Medill, of the Chicago Commercial party, dated at Toano, July 30th, states the party have with them two wealthy Chinese merchants doing business in San Francisco. Their names are Sing Mun and Chuy Suc. They will spend a week in Chicago and then proceed to New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Washington, and return via Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Their object is to make business acquaintances. They speak, read and write English.

—A fight occurred in one of the western suburbs of St. Louis, Sunday afternoon, between a party of river men, who were taking a drive, and some rowdies, who seemed disposed to take possession of the carriage. During the row Sherman Thurston, the pugilist, and some friends drove up, and Thurston demanded fair play. He was immediately assaulted, and knocked three of his assailants down, when he was shot, once behind the ear, tearing a portion of the ear away, once in the cheek, the ball passing through the mouth, and once in the hip, the bullet reaching the bone. His wounds are not considered fatal.

—At a meeting of the St. Louis Board of Trade last night a report was read and adopted to appoint a committee of twelve to raise by subscription one hundred and twenty thousand dollars to build an iron sea-going propeller to inaugurate direct trade between St. Louis and foreign ports, said vessel to be of one thousand tons cargo capacity and not to draw over six feet of water light. The committee was appointed and will go to work at once and endeavor to carry out the project. A joint stock company is to be formed, and the matter to be carried out in a business-like manner. The question of repealing drummers' licenses was also discussed, but referred to a subsequent meeting for final action.

—A special from Muskegan, Michigan, says that on Thursday last, at Whitehall, in that county, William B Smith, a watchmaker, took a double barrelled gun and walked into the street. Proceeding a few rods he met Joshua Platt, and shot him dead. He then went to the house of Mr. Snow, near by, and threatened to shoot him, but Mr. Snow made his escape. He again went into the street, and meeting J. Morse, a hardware merchant, threatened to shoot him, but declined to do so on Mr. Morse turning his back, which Smith ordered him to do. A little farther on he pointed his gun in the store of Wolf & Geis and fired, hitting G. H. Hopkins in the arm. Smith was then captured and lodged in jail. He is laboring under a fit of lunacy.

—A man named W. Sterling was brutally murdered on Saturday night at Council Bend, in Crittenden county, Arkansas, fifty miles below Memphis, by negroes led by a white man. He was the owner of a trading boat. The party went on board to get whisky. Asking for flour, the owner went for samples, when the party drew their pistols and demanded his money, which he gave up at once. They then threatened to kill him, when he offered everything he had, which they refused to accept. Attempting to run, he was fired upon and killed. The negroes, named John Bryant and Wm. Arthur, arrived at Memphis yesterday and were arrested as accessories to the deed. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of others implicated in the murder.

Who Were They?

A Detroit paper says: On Monday a middle-aged man and woman arrived in Detroit, and put up at a hotel on Front street, passing themselves off as man and wife. On Wednesday the woman had occasion to go out on the street, but had not gone far before she was laid bold of by her real husband, who resides in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and had come in search of her, she having eloped with her paramour. At first all attempts to induce her to return were unavailing, but Officer Hewson was sent for to arrest the guilty pair, and the woman promised to return home provided the affair was kept secret, and her husband would agree never to refer to the escapade, and treat her as if it never had taken place. The complaisant fellow gave the required promise, and the two started for home.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Aug. 2.—Receipts—wheat 60,000 bu; corn 16,360 bu; oats 34,000 bu, flour 7,000 bbls. Shipments—wheat 60,000 bu, corn 8,000 bu, oats 14,500 bu. Canal freights to New York, wheat 12½c, corn 10¾c, oats 7½c. Railroad freights to New York, wheat 12c, corn 10c, oats 10c, malt 8½c. Flour steady; sales of 200 bbls western bakers afloat $7,50; 100 bbls white Canada at $8,75. Wheat quiet and unsettled, closing firm; sales 22,500 bu No. 2 Milwaukee club at $1,41@1,41¼@1,42½; 1,500 bu No. 2 Chicago at $1,40; 15,000 bu No. 2 Milwaukee club at $1,43; 1,500 bu No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1,48. Corn dull; sales 7,800 bu Racine at 95c; car lots at 90@98c. Oats dull and lower; sales 400 bu western at 70c. Other articles dull and unchanged. Pork firm at $31 for heavy. Lard steady at 19@19½c. Highwines held at about $1,79.

NEW ORLEANS, August 2.—Cotton nominal; middling 32½c.; sales of 160 bales. Gold 135¾. Sterling 50. New York sight ¾@1 per cent. premium. Flour dull; low grades scarce: supers $5,75, double extra $6,50, treble extra $6,75. Corn dull, white $1,10@1,12½. Oats 71c. Bran $1,05. Hay, prime $31. Pork $33,50. Bacon is retailing at 15¾@16c., clear rib 19¼@19½c., clear sides 19¾@20c. Lard quiet, tierce 19¾@20½c., keg 21½@23c. Sugar quiet, common 11¾c., prime 14½c. Molasses nominal, prime fermenting 63c. Whisky advanced, western rectified $1,20@1,20½c. Coffee dull, fair 14⅞@15¼c., prime 16¼@16¾c.

ALBANY, August 2,—The market for beeves is excited and the supply of cattle numbers fully 2,200 more than last week. The attendance of buyers was moderate, and the holders of best Kentucky steers were obliged to take 8¼c per pound live weight for such as were superior to those which brought 9c last week, but choice animals declined ¾@1c, and about the same decline on common stock. Sheep steady with a fair supply. Lambs declined ½@¾c. Hogs; receipts light with a good demand for heavy; market buoyant; sales moderate of medium to fine Illinois at 10@10½; heavy common at 10¾c.

OSWEGO, August 2.—Flour steady; sales of 1,900 bbls, at $7,25@7,50 for No. 1 spring, $7,75 for amber winter, $8,25 for white, and $9,00 for double extra. Wheat scarce and firm, especially for spring; sales of 16,000 bush No. 1 Milwaukee club to arrive at $1,56, and 3,000 bush amber Michigan on spot at $1,53. Corn firm and quiet; sales of car lots, at $1,08 for No. 2 kiln dried and $1,10 for No. 1. Corn Meal $2,30. Mill Feed steady. Canal Freights—Wheat 8½c, corn 7½c, to New York. Lake Imports—15,000 bush wheat and 9,600 bush corn. Canal Exports—24,500 bush wheat.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—At open board very little was done in the grain markets; the prices were easier and a shade lower; No. 2 spring wheat $1,34@1,34¼, seller August. Corn 86¾c, seller August, and 87½@88c, seller last half, closing weak. Nothing done in the evening.

NASHVILLE, August 2.—Wheat steady at $1,10@1,15 for red, $1,20@1,25 for amber, and $1,25@1,30 for white; receipts large. Flour at $7@7,50 for choicest brands.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 2.—Flour steady, $5@5,87½. Wheat: sales of choice shipping at $1,75; market firm at at $1,70@1,75. Legal tenders, 74.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PENNSYLVANIA.

CAMBRIA county is to put up a $40,000 gaol.

MERCER county gaol is empty of prisoners.

BEALES, the Altoona incendiary, was convicted of arson last week.

THE continued wet weather is threatening to destroy the crops in Lawrence county.

THE Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company is building a substantial new bridge over the river at Sharon.

LYDIA IDA DAUBENSPEEK, aged five years, and living in President township, Venango county, recently fell from a log on which she was trying to cross Hemlock creek, and was drowned.

THE Waynesburg *Republican* says a colored man named Coston was killed at Gray's Landing, Saturday last. He was driving a team, which ran off, and threw him in some way to cause his death.

LATE on Wednesday night a sailor, named Cook, stepped off the Philadelphia and Erie dock, at Erie, and was drowned. In attempting to save him, another sailor got in and was with difficulty rescued.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad and the Western Union Telegraph Company are about to construct a line of telegraph from Blairsville to Indiana, which will doubtless be a great convenience to the people of that section.

YANKEE ROBINSON'S circus troupe drove into Brookville on Sunday, the 18th ult., and put up at the hotels engaged for them. On Monday they were arrested and fined for breaking the Sabbath by traveling on that day.

BISHOP KERFOOT, on the 29th of July, consecrated St. Paul's (Episcopal) Church, Erie. He was assisted by a score of clergymen from this and neighboring dioceses, including Revs. Messrs. Scarborough, Egar and Hartman, from Pittsburgh.

A SON of William Risher, of Middlesex, aged about fifteen, was killed in the old Reed bank on the 17th inst. Young Risher was driving a mule, hitched to a car in the bank, and the mule ran away, throwing the car from the track and running it against one of the props, which was knocked down, and a portion of the roof fell on the young man crushing him to death.—*Lawrence Journal.*

A MARBLE drinking fountain has been placed in front of the Court House at West Chester, at which the wayfarer may slake his thirst, without money and without price. For this great improvement the citizens of the town are indebted to that noble woman, Mrs. John Hickman, she having suggested the same, and collected the necessary means to pay for it. How many thirsty ones will say: "God bless the woman for this act."

OHIO.

A BUSINESS COLLEGE is about to be established at Circleville.

THE police of Urbana are actively engaged in warfare against the city bagnios.

THE people of Ashland have taken steps to repair and beautify their cemetery.

THE Commissioners of Tuscarawas county offer a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of the parties engaged in the attempt to rob the Treasury of that county.

THE Democracy of Harrison county hold their County Nominating Convention on Monday, August 16th. The township meetings are to be held on the Saturday previous.

THE Hocking Valley Horticultural Association propose to have a pic nic at the Reform Farm on the 26th of August next, when they expect to entertain the Ohio Grape Growers' Association.

TWO IRISHMEN, who had just landed in this country, put up for the night at a hotel. The weather was very warm and sultry, and on retiring for the night, they left the bed-room window open; and for some reason they left their light burning. As a consequence, the room was soon full of mosquitoes, and the little "varmints" bit the Irishmen unmercifully. By-the-by, we believe this biting folks is natural with the mosquito, so they are not to blame. Well, the Irishmen endured it until forbearance ceased to be a virtue, and then got up and showed fight. Their noise attracted the attention of the landlord, who went into the room and asked them what they were doing. They told him thet the "little bugs" bit them so that they couldn't sleep. He saw that the light had attracted the musquitoes, so that they literally swarmed the room, and put it out and told them to go to bed. The landlord left the room, and, instead of getting into bed, they posted themselves one in each corner of the room.

"Now," says one, "we'll desave the little divils; when they come to the bed they'll not find us there, sure."

A few moments passed in silence, when in flew a lightning-bug, to the wonder and astonishment of the Irishmen, who had never seen one before; and as he went flitting about the room, one of them whispered out:

"Whist, Pat, the little divil has been and got a lantern."

History doesn't state whether or not the "little divil" succeeded in finding the Irishmen.

A FRENCHMAN proposes to do away with the nuisance of fresh paint in dwellings by preparing decorative paintings in shops or factories, selling the same by the yard, and pasting it on walls like paper hangings. To prepare it, M. Laiche, the inventor, takes thin tin foil, spreads it on glass, forming thus a smooth ground on which he paints or colors in oil, either plain or ornamental, as on walls or wainscots. After drying, the surface is varnished, and the foil with its film is removed from the glass. When ready for hanging, the wall or surface to be decorated is covered with some water-proof mixture, the new covering is cut and applied, the flexible foil allowing it to follow all the irregularities of the wall mouldings without cracking the paint film.

DURING the great freshet on the night of the 17th ult., three women near Pigeon Creek, Pike county, Ill., were washed out of the house and carried off by the raging stream. They clung with tenacity to floating wood, and finally lodged in some driftwood, where they remained till next morning, the eldest of the party, a lady sixty years of age, drowning in the meantime.

Washington Items.

It is under stood that General Sherman has instructed General Canby that he is to take no action in the matter of administering the iron-clad test oath to the members elect of the Virginia Legislature until the matter shall have been considered in the Cabinet.

It is predicted that the public debt statement for the month of July will show a decrease in the public debt of about $9,000,000 since March 4. The remainder of the year will reap very little more revenue than will carry along the current expenses, but is believed that the debt will stand reduced $50,000,000 at the end of the year, March 4, 1870.

Senator Morton will renew his financial bill next session, and will also support a measure of universal amnesty the moment the Fifteenth amendment is a fixed fact.

Much speculation is indulged in concerning the visit of Horace Greeley to the White Sulphur Springs, in Virginia. The Radicals are apparently distrustful of him, and would not be surprised to see him taking prominent part with the Conservatives. Some think he is in consultation with Southern Conservative politicians, and laying plans for a movement looking to the elevation of Judge Chase to the Presidency, on a platform of general amnesty and universal suffrage.

Col John W. Jenkins, Chairman of the Wells wing of the Republican State Central Committee of Virginia, has written a long letter to Dr. Gilmer, Chairman of the Walker wing, in which he reviews the course of political action in Virginia for the last three or four months, claims that there was no essential difference in the principles supported by Walker and the majority of the Wells men, and says that the division in the party was on men rather than anything else. He concludes as follows: "As a Virginian my highest ambition is to see Virginia prosper, and acting upon grave considerations of public policy, I take this early opportunity to communicate with you upon the propriety of uniting the two wings of the Republican party, and establishing a liberal Republican organization, in whose ranks all who really love the Union may join, whether they may have been buttoned in gray or blue, and thus create a permanent, powerful and lasting party, which shall secure the permanent prosperity of the State."

Virginia Politics.

Jno. W. Jenkins, Chairman of the State Central Committee of the Wells wing of the Republican party, having written a letter to Dr. Gilmer, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Walker wing of the Republican party, urging that the two shall reunite for carrying out the Republican principles in this State, the latter writes a letter in reply, saying that the Walker Republicans left the Wells party because the latter was forced to do so or oppose the policy of the President. After alluding to the almost unanimous endorsement of Republican principles by the white men of the State, and asserting that the colored people, who were misled by the Wells leaders, are now flocking by hundreds to the Grant-Walker standard, he concludes as follows: "You ask for a coalition of the two wings of the Republican party. I cannot admit that the party is divided. On the contrary, I claim the Grant-Walker party is the National Republican party of Virginia; representing the policy of the President and of Congress, and as such has no division to heal. To the late Wells party I have only to say, we shall gladly welcome them to our ranks, for we are unwilling to deprive any class of citizens of the innumerable blessings that must flow to Virginia from an unequivocal enforcement of those national principles of which President Grant and Congress are the head and front."

Cuban Affairs

Letters from Havana represent the Captain General as being greatly displeased with the course which affairs are taking in the interior, and also that he apprehends some opposition to the departure of Espinar on the part of the volunteers. In consequence of the unceasing efforts of the American Consul, several American citizens who have been imprisoned at Havana, since January last, have been released.

The reports from the interior are generally favorable for the revolution, and one Spanish officer gives it as his opinion that one hundred thousand more troops from Spain will be required to conquer the island. The cholera is making fearful havoc at Nuevitas; two hundred of the troops there are dying daily of the disease.

Colonels Ryan and Currier, of the late Cuban cavalry, are at Clifton, Canada, where they attract much attention. They appear to be in no wise dispirited at the recent turn of affairs in New York. They look upon the reported discussions in the Junta as more calculated to injure the members individually concerned in them than to prove detrimental to the cause of Cuban independence. Had the Junta properly sustained the Gardner's Island expedition, they allege that they would have long ago reached Cuba with the forces they were recently compelled to abandon in New York.

THE wonder of the White Mountains this season is the Mount Washington Railway. This work is now entirely finished, and in operation from the base of the mountain to the Tip-Top House. The station at the base of the mountain is six miles from the Fabyan place, or seven miles from the White Mountain House. The railroad ascends the mountain in a tolerably straight course, following the general line of the old Fabyan bridle path. The upper depot is 2,685 feet above the level of the sea, or 1,117 feet above the White Mountain House. This leaves a grade of 3,600 feet to be overcome, as the height of the mountain is 6,285 feet above the level of the sea. The length of the road is two miles and thirteen-sixteenths. The heaviest grade is thirteen inches to the yard, and the lightest three inches.

RECENTLY the Empress Eugenie, who is fond of all sorts of experiments with her health, (which she thinks is wretched) determined to send for Dr. Charge, a homoepathic physician of some eminence. He came. The Empress explained what she wished, and added by way of conclusion: "But, to avoid giving any offense to my attendant physician, you would greatly oblige me if you would consent to visit me by the petty staircase." Dr. Charge replied: "I cannot accept this condition—not that I myself care, but I cannot accept it for the sake of the school to which I belong. I will come openly by the State staircase, or I must decline the honor to attend your Majesty." The Empress refused to accept his conditions and he withdrew.

Speculators.

The Chicago correspondent of the New Orleans *Republican*, writes a spicy letter to that paper on the subject of grain dealers, from which we clip the following concerning speculators. While the story is somewhat exaggerated, it is also true to a certain degree of the grain market, and might possibly suit a portion of the oil trade. Here it is:

"The 'grain speculator' is a rakish looking chap, anywhere from twenty-five to fifty, wears the tightest and most striped breeches, mounts a nobby tile and sports the gayest necktie out, drives a team, very natty and fast always—(who ever saw a grain speculator on foot?); tools' down in the morning to the 'Board,' and 'tools' up in the evening to hear 'Molly' twank on the piano, lunches at Delmonico's, and after dark—let me whisper it very low—is seen going into the 'European' with 'Molly' on his arm—('another bottle for No. 6')—or is seen coming down stairs very late from the neighorhood of 'Aiken's,' muttering something about his great lack of foresight in not 'coppering' for that there ace."

"Whence comes the 'grain speculator,' and whither he goes when he has played himself out, no mortal man knows. He appears suddenly, resplendent in jewels and striped shirts, and like a comet, dashes across the horizon of the grain market, and disappears as rapidly after a short and sometimes brilliant career, as he came. The 'grain speculator' is, indeed a wonderful man. His rooms are magnificent, and are always filled with mirrors and tobacco smoke. He loves with a love that is more than love, all games of chance, and no one ever need spoil for a bet while the grain speculator liveth, as he will stake his bottom dollar wherever he has one chance in fifty. He has travelled 'this wide world o'er; done everything for a living, always has money and a diamond pin, and wouldn't be a child of nature for any consideration. He is first seen seated in an office in the rear of the Chamber of Commerce, with a wonderful gilt sign announcing to the ignorant public that his name is Smith, and that he is prepared to buy any amount of grain, make ruinous advances, sell and buy on any terms, and at the shortest notice. By 11 A. M., he emerges from his office, and joins a group of ten or a dozen other 'grain speculators,' and talks with an astonishing volubility of 'shorts' and 'longs,' 'seller July,' 'seller August,' etc. Pretty soon Brown comes along. Brown wants to buy. Smith wants to sell. Smith by the way, has not a bushel of grain in the world; he has only a handful in a little box on his office desk. Brown wants 20,000 bushels of wheat by the 1st day of August, at sixty cents. Smith agrees to deliver 20,000 bushels at that price, and on that day. Bargain closed. Smith and Brown, like two gamecocks about to fight, eye an imaginary 'grain of corn'—that's the fluctuation of the market—and when the 1st day of August comes along, if grain can be bought at any figure below sixty cents, Smith buys and delivers 20,000 bushels and pockets the difference. Should grain go up and be worth seventy cents, Smith don't buy and don't deliver. He only 'busts' (if he has no fund to compromise with Brown, its all profit to Brown, who takes his chances too), and gets put off the 'board.' In plain English, Smith bets Brown that grain will be less than sixty cents on August 1, and Brown bets it will be more, heads I win, tails you lose."

Postoffice Changes in Pennsylvania.

Dunningsville, Washington county—John T. Sunny, vice T. H. Long, resigned.

Beallsville, Washington county—A. Odbert, vice T. H. Hill, resigned.

Red Bank Furnace, Armstrong county—David Gaunt, vice H. Hepler, resigned.

Wilkins, Allegheny county—William W. Burchfield, vice J. E. Rogers, resigned.

Duncansville, Blair county—Miss A. Gibbony, vice J. M. Gibbony, resigned.

REPORTS from the Japanese colony in Eldorado county, California, are favorable. Colonists have been sick with the acclimating fever but have now recovered. The tea nuts which they planted are up a finger's height. They are all tea growers and tea makers, and intend to make tea the specialty. There is no doubt of their success. They also planted mulberry trees, on all of which, varieties will be grafted from Japan next year. Rice will also be planted. The colonists are delighted with their location, and write letters to Japan earnestly entreating their friends to come to this country.

THE Topeka *Commonwealth* tells the following: A certain prominent legal gentleman of Leavenworth, who has a fondness for the popular game of "pitch," has been recently elevated to a distinguished position in the Episcopal Church. One of his principal duties is to pass the contribution basket. A few Sundays since this gentleman came along with his basket to a pew filled with "pitch" cronies, and shaking the receptacle enticingly before them said, "Throw in your game, boys, throw in your game!" They did throw in, and the finances of the church were considerably "set up."

THE Maine State prison, at Thomaston, has received the addition of a new granite wing, enlarging its capacity seventy-five per cent. About forty-five men are now at work in the shoe shop, and about $9,000 worth of boots are ready for the market. Work is brisk in the carriage shop, and the business of this department is increasing every year. The extreme punishment inflicted upon refractory prisoners is confinement in the dark cells on a bread-and water diet. These cells have no bed, bench or seat in them—nothing but the bare walls and floor—and are perfectly dark.

BY a recent arrangement between the French Minister of Education and the authorities of certain German States a regular exchange of German and French students in training for professorship at public schools will henceforth take place between the two countries. While the Germans will finish their education chiefly with regard to French, at French seminaries, the young French students are to be admitted free of all expense to the benefits of German colleges for a certain number of years.

ROSE HERSEE, who is coming to this country to sing in Parepa's English Opera Troupe, will make her debut in "Somnambula." She is to have $300 a week, in gold, all her traveling expenses and a private carriage. She is said to be young and beautiful, and a brilliant vocalist.

IT is asserted that in case the Hon. Mr. Morrill of Maine should receive the vacant United States Judgeship of Maine, Gov. Chamberlain will be the next United States Senator. Others think that Speaker Blaine is the "coming man" for that position.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se6:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenue.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bracley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 92 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 n9

CARPETS.

JULY. 1869.
SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.
We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy9d&T (Second Floor).

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14d&T

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE
BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.,
Of Allegheny, Pa.,
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1869.

CAPITAL $100,000 00

ASSETS.

Stock Notes	$ 75,000 00
Bonds and Mortgages	23,899 50
Bills Receivable	8,236 82
Office Furniture	405.00
Cash on hand	1,660.02
	$109,231.34

RECEIPTS.

Premium	$ 15,719 37
Interest	2,783 41
	$18,502.78

DISBURSEMENT.

Dividends	$ 5,000.00
Losses paid	1,709 00
Other expense, taxes and stamps	4,036.24
Commissions	381.71
Return premiums and reinsurance	442.91
	$11 569.94
Amount of outstanding risks	$1,349,804.00

jy24:m56-TTHS

THE IRON CITY
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
Of Pennsylvania.
Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.
DIRECTORS:
Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.
Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D.D., Vice President,
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ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 2, 1869.

There was a very full supply of Cattle on sale to-day, something over 800 head, mainly of the lower grades, and with a demand restricted almost wholy to supplying the wants of the local trade, the market was a very dull one, and compared with last week, prices are from a ¼ to a ½ lower, and especially was this true of the commoner grades. Prime fat steers sold at about last week's prices, 7½@7¾, some few extra at 8, but the great bulk of the sales were at prices ranging from 5½ to 7c; and 6¼, possibly 6½ would probably come very near the average price. The impression is gaining strength that cattle will have to rule lower, and the fact that pasture has been unusually good all summer, has tended to keep back a good deal of stock which, otherwise, would long since have been thrown upon the market.

Of the cattle on sale to-day, 11 cars were from Chicago; 3 from Crestline; 4 from Mansfield; 1 from Marion; 2 from Loudenville; 1 from Upper Sandusky; 1 from Wooster; 1 from Salem; 1 from Indianapolis; 3 from Caledonia; 1 from Orrville; 1 from Shreve; 4 from Cincinnati; 1 from Bellair, and 4 from points we did not learn. In addition, there were sales of 162 head of State Cattle as follows: 45 from Butler county; 17 from Beaver; 60 from Washington and 40 from Green, making in all about 800 head, which, in the absence of an eastern demand, was more than was wanted, and, as a consequence, a dull and hard market was the result, at least all the drovers said so.

CATTLE.

Stakley & Bro; 9 head common steers and heifers, at an average of 5 cents.

M Humes 17 head Beaver county steers and heifers, at 5@6 cts.

Keefer & Katz 17 head Chicago steers, at 6@7.

L. Rothchilds 19 Chicago steers, at 6½@7½; 12 head Butler county steers and heifers, at 5@6; 24 left over.

S Kaufman & Dryfoos 29 head Washington county steers and heifers, at 5@6¾.

Isaac Zeigler 20 head Washington county steers and heifers, at 5@6¾.

Traurman & Lobman 63 Southern Ohio steers and heifers, at 4½@785.

Jacob Needy 63 Ohio steers, at 6@8.

S Lowenstine 20 head Ohio steers, at 5½@6½.

M. Verner 21 Green county, Pa., steers, for Flauningan, at 6@7½; 31 head Indiana, mixed stock, for French, at 5@6.

Peter Hartman 20 head Green county stock.

John Hyde 23 head to Kraus & Haas, at 6 cts —from Belmont Co.

Greenwald & Kahn 73 head Ohio stock, at 6@7½.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 70 head mixed stock, from Ohio, at 4@7.

McAllister 16 head Ohio steers and heifers to Hazlewood & Blackstock, averaging 1,025, at 6¼.

S. Marks & Bro. 80 head Chicago steers, at 5@8.

Kraus & Haas 67 head mixed Ohio Stock, at 5¼@7.

L & J Shamberg 32 head Chicago stock at 5¾@7½; bought 35 head bulls from Oviatt.

Jas Hanlin 20 head Washington Co., steers and heifers, at 5@6.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 54 head Iowa steers, at 5½@7¼; 22 head mixed stock, at 4½@6.

N. Carr 35 head Ohio steers, heifers and cows, at 5@6¼.

Smith & Blue 17 head Western steers and heifers at 4½@5¾.

Hedges & Taylor 20 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was an unusually large number of Sheep on sale to-day, about 1,900 head, and with no corresponding improvement in the demand, the market was an exceedingly hard one, and drovers generally are reported as having made no money—some of them doubtless lost money. Compared with last week, prices are considerably lower, particularly for the commoner kinds, though the best grades, ruled lower; there was more stock here than was wanted, and the butchers soon found this out, and drovers generally were obliged to make concessions in order to effect sales. It is true, a few extra fat sheep brought 5,30 cts per pound, but the great proportion of the sales were at prices ranging from $2,00@3,00 per head.

Fowler & Walters 400 head; lambs at 50 @$3,50; sheep at $1,50@4.

Flinner & Sheitementle 200; lambs at 75@2,25; sheep at $1,25@2,25.

Stakely & Bro. 203; sheep at $2,00@4,00; lambs at $1,00@3,25.

M. G. Beighle 50—sheep at an average of $2,00; lambs at $1,25@2,25.

R. Stouffer 60; sheep at $2,50; lambs at $2,00.

Garwin & Co. 200 sheep and lambs.

John Young 40 sheep at an average of $1,25.

John Fairley 40 sheep at $3@3½.

James Kerr 74 sheep at $2,60@4.

Robert Kerr 86 sheep at $2,00 per head to 5-30 cts per pound.

N. Folland 110 sheep at 2@5 cts. per pound.

Adam Eckert 25 sheep at $3,50@4 per head; 50 lambs at $1,75@3,75.

John Kerwin & Co. 170 sheep at $2,00@3,50.

Johnathan Davis 40 sheep at $2,@3,50.

J. F. Neely 51 lambs at $1,30@3,40: 65 sheep at $1.75@3.

HOGS.

There is no improvement to note in the demand for this class of stock, but prices, in sympathy with the advance at other places, are higher. We now quote stock Hogs at 10@10½, and fat Hogs at 11 to 11½@11¾.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Cotton steady; sales of 1,200 bales at 33½c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 9,085 bbls.; Flour quiet and prices without any decided change; sales of 6,700 bbls. at $5,90 @6,40 for superfine State and western, $6,50@7,35 for extra State, $6,70@7,40 for extra western, $7,45@7,70 for white wheat extra, $6,95@7,65 for R. H. O., $7@8 for extra St. Louis, and $10,50 for good to choice do. Rye Flour is quiet at $4,75@ 6,75. Cornmeal is quiet and scarce. Whisky steady at $2,50 for western, and $1,10 for free. Wheat; receipts 15,550 bbls.; Wheat is more active and 2@3c better, with an increased export demand; sales of 123,000 bush. at $1,55@1,56 for No. 2 spring, $1,51@1,52 for soft do., $1,61 @1,62 for No. 1 spring, $1,58 for Nos. 1 and 2 do. mixed, $1,61 for new red Ohio, $1,53 for old winter red western; $1,75 for white California. Rye nominal. Barley and barley malt nominal. Receipts of corn, 5,650 bush; corn opened heavy and closed dull at 1@2c lower; sales of 43,000 bushels at 82c@$1 for unsound new mixed western; $1,04@1,06 for sound do.; $1,08@1,09 for western yellow, and closing with no buyers at outside quotations. Receipts of oats, 75,412 bushels; oats more active, with sales of 79,000 bushels at 82c for western afloat; 83@84c for small lots do., 80c for new Ohio, first of the season; 75c for Jersey new; 77c for new Virginia. Stock of grain in warehouse: 613,699 bush wheat, 632,126 bush corn; 75,413 bush oats; 74,726 bush rye; 361 bush barley; 106,026 bush malt; 242,268 bush peas. Rice in fair request, with sales of 60 tierces Carolina at 8½@9c, and 100 bags of Rangoon at 7¾@8c currency. Coffee firm; sales of 3,818 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar firm; sales 800 hhds at 11⅜ @13c for Cuba; 11½@11⅝c for Porto Rico; sales 400 bxs Havana at 12¼@13c. Molasses nominal. Petroleum quiet and firm at 17@17½c for crude; 31⅜@32c for refined. Hops quiet at 10@15c for American. Linseed oil steady at 98@$1 in casks. Spirits turpentine quiet at 42@ 42½c. Pork firmer; sales 900 bbls at $33,10@33,25 for new mess, closing at $33,25 cash; $33,50@33,75 for old do; $27,25 @28,25 for prime; $29,50@30,50 for prime mess; stock of old and new 38,029 bbls; same date last month 44,413 bbls; last year 69,600 bbls. Beef quiet and steady; sales 140 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess; $12@12¼ new extra mess: stock of old and new 24,520 pkgs, last month 28,839 pkgs, last year 20,855 pkgs. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@ 30 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet; sales of 80 bbls at $25@31. Cut Meats steady; sales of 115 pkgs at 13¾@14¼c for shoulders, 16¾@19c for hams; middles dull and unchanged. Lard dull; sales at 17@19¼c, chiefly 19@c, for steam, 19¾@20c for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 16@32c for Ohio, and 16@36c for State. Cheese quiet at 12@15½c. Freights to Liverpool firmer; shipments of 35,000 bus wheat at 8¼d per steam, and 500 bbls flour per sail at 1s. 9d.

Latest—Flour a shade firmer. Wheat: 1@2c better with a light supply for moderate export demand. Rye nominal at $1,26@1,27 for western. Oats: rather heavy at 82c for old and 80c for new western afloat. Corn dull and heavy at 80c@$1,02 for unsound and $1,04@1,06 for sound mixed western. Pork quiet at $33,12@33,25. Mess Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats nominal. Bacon dull and unchanged. Lard dull at 19½ @19⅝c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, August 2.—Eastern Exchange firmer, at par buying and par to 1-10 premium selling. Flour firmer, at $5,75@7,35½ for spring extras. Wheat more active; No. 1 quiet and steady; sales at $1,39@1,40; closing unchanged; No. 2 active and 2¼@2½c higher; sales at $1,35@1,37 cash, $1,33½@1,35 seller August, $1,35@1,36½ seller first half of August, and $1,28@1,29 seller September; this afternoon the market was quiet, at $1,34¼ for No. 2, seller August. Corn quiet, firmer and 1@2c higher; No. 2 sold at 87½@89c, closing at 87½@88c; rejected 81@82½c; no grade 78@80c; this afternoon No. 2 was nominally 87½c seller August. Oats dull, unsettled and 2c lower, with sales No. 2 at 54@59c, and rejected 50@51c, closing weak at inside. Rye dull and 1c lower, with sales No. 2 at $1,01 in store. Barley dull, with sales No. 2 at $1,25, seller last half of August. Highwines steady at $1,04. Sugar easier at 13¼@14¼c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions dull and firm. Mess Pork $33,50@33,75. Lard 18½@18¾c. Dry salted Shoulders 13½ 13¾c. Sweet pickled Hams 17¼c. Freights firm at 4½c for wheat per steam, and 3c for oats per sail to Buffalo. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours—3,915 bbls flour, 28,460 bush wheat, 100,421 bush corn, 23,676 bush oats, 1,895 bush bush rye, 1,050 bush barley, 4,168 hogs. Shipments—2,879 bbls flour, 66,541 bush wheat, 98,861 bush corn, 8,296 bush oats.

ST. LOUIS, August 2.—Tobocco active and strong, but not quotably changed. Cotton nominal at 32c. Hemp, none offering. Flour dull and about 25c. lower, closing languid and unsettled: supers sold at $4.50@5,35 and $5,25@6, XX $6,25 @7, fancy $7,50@9,25. Wheat: receipts very large and all grades below strictly choice declined 5@10c.; prime and strictly prime red fall $1,14@1,21, choice to strictly choice do. $1,25@1,45, prime to fancy white $1,21@1,50. Corn dull, lower and unsettled; mixed in bulk sold at 82c., prime and choice mixed 90@93c., prime to choice yellow 95@97c., prime to fancy white $1@1,05. Oats dull and lower, with sales of new as 52@58c, old at 62@66c., closing at 50@52c. for new and 60@62½c. for old. Barley: small sales of new fall at $1,25. Rye inactive, 90@95c. Whisky steady at $1,10. Groceries quiet and unchanged, at 23@25c. for good fair to choice Rio Coffee, 12½@ 14¾c for Louisiana Sugar, and 70@80c. for plantation Molasses. Provisions firm, but business small. Pork steady, $34@ 34,50. Bacon: clear sides sold at 19c., shoulders held at 15½c., clear rib sides 18½@18¾c., sugar cured hams 24@25c. Lard held firmly, with no sales. Receipts: 2,850 bbls. flour, 10,050 bushels wheat, 17,400 bush. corn, 100,000 bushels oats, 600 bush. rye.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 2.—Flour firm but quiet; family $6@6,25. Wheat firm and the demand fair; red $1,20@1,25; white $1,35@1,45, and very choice $1,50; no old wheat offering. Corn dull and supply better; ear 92@93c. Oats dull, heavy and lower; receipts large, especially of new, which is dull at 45@50c; no old offering. Rye dull and lower, closing at 92@95c and the supply increasing. Barley nominally unchanged; fall would bring $1,33. Whisky dull and sold at $1,08, and not much demand at that; business held more firmly and the demand is light. Mess pork $33,50@33,75. Bulk meats 13¾@ 14c for shoulders, and 16¼@16½c for sides. Bacon at 15½c for shoulders, and 18½@19c for sides. Sugar cured hams 23@25c. Lard held at 19¼c, but hardly any demand. Butter firm at 24@30c. Eggs dull at 13@14c. Cheese dull at 12 @13c for Western Reserve, and 14@15c for factory. Linseed oil dull at 98c. Lard oil unchanged and quiet. Gold 135¾ buying.

CLEVELAND, August 2.—Flour: city made, $9 for double extra white, $7,75@ 8,00 for double extra amber, $6.75@7,00 for double extra red winter, $6 for extra red winter, $6,75 for double extra spring; country made, $7,50@8,25 for double extra white, $6,25@7,25 for double extra red and amber, $6,50@7,00 for double extra spring. Wheat; sales of No. 1 red winter, seller August, at $1,38; sales 35 cars do. on spot at $1,40; 15 cars new No. 2 do. at $1,35; 3 cars old do. at $1,36, and 3 cars No. 2 white at $1,40. Corn; No. 1 mixed held at 94@95c; sales of 1 car No. 2 at 91c. Oats held at 66@67c. Rye held at $1,10@1,15. Petroleum; refined held at 28½@29c for August; crude dull at $6,50.

TOLEDO, August 2.—Flour steady at $6,25@8 for double and treble extra city made. Wheat fairly active with prices closing a shade lower; old amber $1,46; No. 1 red $1,44; No. 2 red $1,39@1,40; No. 3 red $1,25; old white Michigan $1,50; No. 2 new white $1,42. Corn is a shade lower at 92c for No. 1; 89c for No. 2; 80c for rejected, and 65c for condemned. Oats 75c on spot, and 55c sellers September. Rye dull and no sales. Receipts—flour 900 bbls, wheat 32,000, corn 1,200 bush. Shipments —flour 1,700 bbls, wheat 22,500, corn 2,070 bush.

MEMPHIS, August 2.—Cotton 31½@32c for middling, receipts were 36 bales, exports none. Flour dull at $5@7,50. wheat at $1,10@1,25. Corn at 97½c@$1. Oats at 81@82. Bran at $20. Cornmeal at $4,50@4,75. Pork at $34,50. Lard at 23@21½c. Bacon firm; shoulders at 15½c, sides at 19½c.

BALTIMORE, August 2.—Flour firm and in good demand, with sales western superfine at $5,75@6,25, extra at $6,75@7,25, and family at $7,75@8,50. Wheat firm, with sales red at $1,55@1,65. Corn—white at $1,06@1,08. Oats at 64@65c. Rye at $1,25. Mess Pork quiet at $34. Bacon firm, with sales rib sides at 19c, clear rib at 19½c, and shoulders at 16c. Hams at 23@24c. Lard firm at 19½@20c. Whisky quiet at $1,18.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.—Flour dull and quotations barely unchanged: northwestern extra family $6@6,50; Indiana and Ohio do $7@8; fancy $8,50@10; superfine and extra unchanged. Wheat flat; red old $1,50@1,53. Rye unchanged. Corn very quiet; yellow $1,14@ 1,16; mixed western $1,12@1,14. Oats dull at 74@75c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky held at $1,25.

LOUISVILLE, August 2.—Bagging quiet and firm; two-pound Kentucky 23c. Flour firm; superfine $4,50@4,75. Grain firm. Wheat; red $1,25, and white $1,33. Oats 60c. Corn in bulk 80c. Rye $1,15. Leaf Tobacco active, with sales of 61 hhds at $5,50@12,75. Mess Pork $33,75. Bacon; shoulders 15¾c, clear rib 19c, clear sides 19½c, and hams 22¼c. Lard 19¾c. Whisky firm; raw $1,10@1,11.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—Flour $5@ 5,87½. Wheat $1,65@1,75. Legal Tenders 74. Mining stocks moderately active; Alpha 20, Belcher 22, Bullion 16, Chollar 23, Confidence 45, Crown Point 39, Empire Mill 57, Gould Curry 104, Kate Norcross 113, Imperial 57, Kentuck 214, Occidental 16, Ophire 20, Overman 72, Savage 79, Sierra Nevada 10, Yellow Jacket 48.

MILWAUKEE, August 2—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm, $1,41¼ for No. 1, and $1,37¼ for No. 2. Oats entirely nominal. Corn dull and unchanged. Rye firm, $1 for No. 1. Grain freights firm: 4½c. to Buffalo and 8½c. to Oswego. Receipts: 2,000 bbls. flour, 32,000 bush. wheat, 2,000 bush. oats. Shipments: 3,000 bbls. flour, 28,000 bushels wheat.

DETROIT, Aug. 2.—Flour demand firm. Wheat quiet; extra white winter $1,82; No. 1 do. $1,69@1,70; No. 2 do. $1,44. Corn 98c. Oats dull at 74@75c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, August 2.—The Cattle trade is very dull, with 4,000 head on sale, making the large total of 7,200 head for the week, and they cannot be disposed of as prices are ¼ to ½c lower on all but the best. There is a scarcity of prime, but the average quality is much better than last week, fewer low grades Texans being on sale; some good Texans, wintered in Illinois, brought 13c per pound, or $84 on each; prices ranged from 10 to 16c, very many going at about 15½c, the average being scant 14c. A drove of 108 head Illinois steers, common 6 cwt, brought 13@14c; 210 head of Alexander cattle, good 7¼ cwt, averaged nearly 15c; 190 head of fat Texans, 6½ cwt, at 13c; a lot, 6 cwt. Missouri steers, at 12½c; 90 good Ohio cattle, 7 cwt, at 14@15c; Illinois gives 4,600 cattle and Kentucky 890, with 167 head each from Ohio and Texas. The total receipts of sheep are 38,000 head, with 9,575 to-day; the prices of sheep are unchanged, but sales are slow. Lambs lower; selling at 7@9c, only a small lot of sixty pound Canada bringing 9½c; some 55 pound State lambs brought 9c; a car of 55 pound Canada brought 8c; a car of 70 pound Ohio sheep sold for 5c; State sheep of 78 pounds brought 5½c; a car of Ohio, 80 pounds, brought 6c, and a few 110 pounds brought 7c; stock not all selling. Hogs steady at 13c; the arrivals to-day were 82 cars, and 22,300 head for the week; 2 cars of Ohio stillers brought 10¼c; alive they weighed 180 pounds.

CHICAGO, August 2.—Cattle dull at $4,25@5 for Cows; $6@7,75 for medium to extra choice shipping Beeves. Hogs fairly active and 15@25c lower; sales at $9,40@9,65 for fair to medium; $9,75@10 for good to choice.

ST. LOUIS, August 2.—Cattle firm at 3@6½c. for inferior to choice. Hogs firm at 8@9¼c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 2.—4 cars metal, Reese, Graff & Co; 3 do do, S Harbaugh, 1 do do, Evarson, Preston Co; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 2 do do, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, Hallman & Hammett; 200 bbls flour, Schomaker & L; 10 bbls alcohol, Schwartz & Haslett; 5 do do, J Adler & Co; 33 bdls kips, J McLaughlin; 50 green hides, G N Hoffstott; 2 cars old wheels, Brown & Co; 5 bbls lard oil, R E Sellers; 32 bdls spokes, T Hare & Bro; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace; 1 car wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 1 do corn, D Wallace; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins & Bro; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 1 car empty oil bbls, 80 do do, M P Adams; 17 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 9 sks coffee, Strickler & W; 1 car stone, J L Knox; 4 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & B; 17 bgs oats, J Gileson; 1 car beans, J C Bidwell; 1 do bones, Anderson & S; 25 bxs cheese, Carter & McGrew; 15 do do, R D Clark; 15 do do, J J Pettit; 20 do do, F Sellars & Co; 15 do do, Little & B; 15 do do, W Miller & Co; 20 do do, J A Graff; 25 do do, W Cooper & Co; 40 do do, N J Braden; 7 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 10 reams s paper, Godfrey & Clark; 20 bxs cheese, Atwell & Lee; 59 sks rags, McCullough & Co; 500 gallons stone ware, T Welsh & Bro; 45 bdls green hides, J Hammett & Sons; 36 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co; 1 car stone, J Hinchcliff; 206 sks rags, Pgh Paper Mfg Co; 8 pulley blocks, J Woodwell & Co; 12 bxs cheese, A & J Kerr; 120 do do, Graham & St John.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 2.—2 cars limestone ore, Hussey, Wells & Co; 1 do champ ore, Brown & Co; 2 do limestone ore, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 7 do gray warm ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 6 do limestone ore, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 do lumber, G A Mundorf; 1 do still bottoms, Mullin & Maloney; 50 bbls oil, J Spear; 1 car lath, G W Bitner; 1 do lumber, R P Burgan; 3 bxs scales, Adams, McKee & Co; 18 bxs starch, Rinehart & S; 10 do cheese, J Daub; 167 bxs boots, W E Schmertz & Co; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 1 do grind stones, J Keown; 20 bxs cheese, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 crates ware, H Higby & Co; 6 bbls oil, Dilworth, P & Co; 6 bbls eggs, 29 do apples, H Rea; 6 do eggs, 14 do apples, Van Gorder & S; 3 bbls oil, A Torrence.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, August 2.—4 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 4 do do, Morrison & D; 5 do do, W H Graff; 10 sks oats, S B Floyd; 15 do do, W H Hagan; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & L; 7 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 1 car feed; H M Henderson; 3 do lumber, J Odell; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 197 sks rye, J W Meek; 100 bbls flour, 30 sks feed, G Stewart; 2 cars bulk wheat J S Liggett; 2 do staves, Wm Hastings; 24 cads tobacco, P H McKenna; 16 do do, Pretzfield & Bro; 28 do do, Knox & Orr.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, August 2 —1 car pig iron, J Moorhead; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 3 do stone, Henderson & Co; one-half bbl whisky, McKay Bros; 3 bxs mdse, D Gregg & Co; 11 sks tanner scraps, Hooveler, Koatz, Krom & Co; 10 bales yarn, McCrum, Glyde & Co; 29 sks oats, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 car lime, D L Roynolds; 1 car grain, Martin, Brickell & Co; 1 bbl apples, Arbuckles & Co; 7 pkgs marketing, Monongahela House; 9 bbls eggs, various owners; 1 box scales, Fairbanks, Morse & Co.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, August 2.—118 sks oats, Dan. Wallace; 75 bbls cement, C B Leech; 6 bbls eggs, 1 keg butter, F G Craighead; 200 bdls paper, F Schilling.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with four feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather unsettled and warm with slight indications of rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 85 in shade.

No arrivals to report aside from packets. The Argosy from Cincinnati is about due.

The Julia returns to Zanesville to-day, at 4 P. M.

The Petrolia for Parkersburg and New State for Wheeling departed with very slim trips.

The Glendale and Mollie Ebert, are en route from St. Louis to Pittsburgh.

Business continues very dull at landing—not a single boat doing anything except the packets. Messenger and Camelia laid up.

—The mother of Capt. H. U. Hart, of the Lawrence, died in Marietta, Ohio, a few days since.

—Capt. McGill, late of the Belle Lee, is about to take charge of the Capitol Hotel, at Frankfort, Ky.

—The Hercules left Louisville on Friday with the tow of the A. J. Baker. The Tiger also left the same day for this port.

—During the past month three steamers were destroyed by fire, two sunk, and accidents happened to five. Only one steamboatman died during the same period.

—The firm of Rose & Batchelor, steamboat agents, at Cincinnati, has been dissolved. Mr. Rose will continue the business while Mr. Batchelor will engage in a new business.

—One of Capt. John Woodburn's new Arkansas River Mail Line packets will be launched from Hambleton's yard, on next Tuesday. Dumont has her machinary all ready to go on board.

—The Kate Putnam, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, was detained several hours by government officers, and compelled to take out two licences—one for being an express packet, and one for carrying oil.

—The editor of the LaCrosse *Republican* accompanied Com. Davidson to the shipyard there a few days since, and is much pleased with the progress making on the Commodore's new steamers for the St. Louis and St. Paul trade. He writes of one, and says nearly all but her hull is of LaCrosse manufacture. She has 4 boilers. Her cylinders are 22 inches in diameter and 7 feet stroke. She will carry about 1,000 tuns.

—The Paducah *Herald* says: Paducah has a city ordinance to prevent steamboats from whistling while lying at our wharf; but the Ella Hughes has found a means of whistling and also of evading the law. She came down yesterday, landed at the wharf, and after lying for some time she threw off her cables and run slowly up and down in front of the city, whistling all the time and making a most unearthly din. She did not land again, but kept on her way to Cairo. We hope some of those Cairo muquitoes will fly away with her whistle before she gets away from there.

RIVER PACKETS.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
ap13 Agents.

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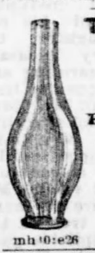
Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North river, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.
143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

A PERFECT CURE

For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N Y Sold by all Druggists.
Wholesale Agents—SCHWARTZ & HAZLETT.



TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

mh10:e28

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Machaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insur them a treat. mh25

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1,00 per bottle.
Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-TuTh S

WEBSTER STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the Viewers report on widening Webster street, City of Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, at No. 581 July Term, 1869, for confirmation.
J. C. McCOMBS,
jy29:m79 Solicitor.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for ssle by
J. B CANFIELD.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale
J. B. CANFIELD.

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WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

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Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
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Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

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IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j10:d43

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

se :y18

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Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong.

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mv18

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PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

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my24:b87

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Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

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JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja12:r58

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G. W. De CAMP,

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Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

ap8:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

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SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

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jy27:m82 JOSEPH JOHNSTON.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after JULY 25th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:25 am	*Day Express	8:15 am
Fast Line	1:45 am	Southern Ex	4:20 am
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Brinton Acc'n	7:50 am	Mail Train	8:15 am
Wall's No. 2	8:50 am	Bra'k's Ac No 1	10:30 am
Cincinnati Ex	9:10 am	*Cincin'ti Ex	12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:35 am	Wall's No. 2	11:45 am
Bra'k's Ac No 1	1:10 pm	Johnstown Ac.	3:05 pm
Pittsb'gh Ex.	1:30 pm	Bra'k's Ac No 2	3:40 pm
Phila. Express	1:50 pm	Phila. Express	4:30 pm
Wall's No. 3	2:50 pm	Wall's No. 3	4:50 pm
Bra'k's Ac No 2	5:50 pm	Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm
Homewood Ac.	9:55 pm	*Fast Line	7:30 pm
Wall's No. 4	7:20 pm	Homewood Ac.	8:50 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.

SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING

TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.

CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.

COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Pennsylvania and Ohio State Items, Very Interesting Selection of Miscellaneous News. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Markets, Imports, Ricer News. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 50½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88¾.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 135¼@135¾.

IF THERE be any truth in the report, from Richmond, that Gov. WELLS urges upon General CANBY the propriety of withholding his official announcement of the results of the election until the meeting of Congress, the country will feel itself at last wholly reconciled to the popular defeat of so eccentric a statesman.

UNDER oath, on Friday last, that excellent official, Mr. Prothonotary SNOWDEN, testified at Philadelphia that he naturalized upwards of six thousand citizens during the political campaign of '68—each of them at fifty cents per head, under contract with the Democratic Committee. The Committee seem to have paid nothing to the defrauded official for the other thousands of blank certificates which somehow contrived to secure the seal of the Court.

WE print this morning the very interesting Report of Superintendent DOUTHETT, upon the operations of the schools of Allegheny county during the past year. Our citizens will welcome this official statement, with its abundant proofs that a well-devised system of public instruction is administered by capable hands. A gratifying degree of prosperity is revealed in the right direction. There remains much to be done, but the past warrants the highest expectations for the future success of the cause of popular education in this community.

AT the recent convention of the American Philological Association, an interesting discussion took place on the necessity existing in this country for a post-graduate university. That such a necessity does exist, is shown by the number of graduates of our best colleges who go abroad to study in foreign Universities. Oxford, Cambridge, Heildelberg, Bonn, and Leipzig are all finishing the scholastic educations of many young Americans. Paris, in the Latin quarter, swarms with Yankee students. Graduates of Yale or Hanover, if they wish to continue their studies must go across the ocean to find schools of higher capabilities. Hence the importance of the question before the Poughkeepsie Convention. What America needs is an University. Small colleges abound in most of the United States; every District seems, sooner or later, to produce a rich man who is willing and anxious to perpetuate his name by contributing more or less money with which to found a college; and it is well so. Our common schools give the rudiments, the petty colleges, or (more appropriately) Latin schools, carry the education still farther, and one or two of the older institutions rank a little higher, but not much—and then the education of our youth is as complete as American schools can make it, enough, perhaps, for the common uses of ordinary life. But in so great a country, so variously peopled, provisions should be made for all classes of citizens, and certainly no means have been provided for the thorough education of scholars. A University where thinking men, desirous of so doing, could attend lectures on various subjects by Professors who have mastered them is what we want. A school where a man can go as deep into any branch of knowledge as he pleases, with competent guides to assist him. Such an institute would be invaluable.

The West point Academy is said by some to have no equal, as a military school, in the world. Most certainly its only possible rival is the Military Academy at St. Cyr, in France. Our Naval Academy is equally pre-eminent. Now as the government has been so successful in establishing schools in the only branches it has attempted, we can see no reason why we should not also have a Government university of the highest class. Philosophers and scholars are, by some, thought to be as important elements of a great nation as are soldiers and sailors. We would feel mortified if our officers had to go abroad to be taught how to command our armies and navies, and it should be equally mortifying that our most highly educated men can not be *made* at home. France has a university and it is successful; the Imperial government encourages the higher classes of learning and art. In such things the Republican government here should not be outdone.

THE ENFRANCHISEMENT TRAP.

The political speculations which have of late been based upon a supposed difference of opinion, touching the Southern situation, between the President and his Secretaries, BOUTWELL and CRESSWELL, prove to be wholly at fault. No such diversity of opinion has existed. Gen. GRANT is frankly and thoroughly in accord with the authors of those letters which have given so much encouragement to the Radical Republicans of Tennessee. His declarations in regard to Virginia and Mississippi politics, as telegraphed to us yesterday, prove that the President stands heartily committed to Republicanism of the most radical type. He insists upon the execution of the reconstruction acts in good faith, upon the ratification of the XVth Article, upon the absolute security of protection to life and property, irrespective of personal opinion or race, upon loyal acts as well as loyal professions, upon the complete maintenance of the public credit and faith. These are the true tests of Republicanism everywhere, North or South, neither including nor excluding a perfect freedom of individual judgment upon the collateral issue of disfranchisement.

Tried by these tests, the professions of Gov. WALKER in Virginia need only to be supplemented by a corresponding policy on the part of that majority which elected him, to command the heartiest endorsement from the Federal Administration. But the Administration is with the loyal country in suspending its judgment in the premises until Gov. WALKER'S Republican, or *quasi* Republican supporters shall show their hands on the country's side.

So in Mississippi, the "former enemies of the Government" have yet to win their title to the National confidence; clearly, the President withholds his sympathies and co-operation until their acts shall show works meet for a sincere repentance. Until then, the President frankly declares that these "former enemies" must be regarded, with a wise caution, if not as enemies, certainly not as meritorious friends.

Neither in Virginia nor Mississippi is the disfranchisement issue made a Republican test. There, as throughout the North, the most radical of the party have had no hesitation in accepting the policy of an universal amnesty. If this policy is to result in temporary majorities against us, it is better even so than would be any unprofitable effort to defer yet longer a solution which time must inevitably bring about, and in which delays are certain to multiply perils for the Republican cause.

If the majority which has triumphed in Virginia, or which may triumph in Mississippi, shall cordially subscribe to the Republican tests recognized by the President in his declarations first above alluded to, can an enlightened and sincere Republicanism ask for more? Faithful to those tests, whatsoever party may for the present assume local control in those States, must of necessity step to the Republican music, and chrystalize sound Republican doctrines—the cardinal principles of our faith—irrevocably into their State polity. We shall not disparage the great results of Republican principles inseparably engrafted upon the local Constitution, because these may chance to be secure under a Conservative or Democratic preponderance. The triumph of these principles must sooner or later ensure the complete overthrow of any party which does not heartily accept and work up to them. Even the XVth Article alone—which is to become as certainly a part of the National law as the oldest clauses already established therein—will amply suffice, in the processes of time, to Republicanize the most malignantly rebel of the Southern populations. We have the fullest faith in its certain efficiency to that end, and, in that faith, feel no uneasiness in the contemplation of the existing elements of disturbance in any of those States.

Neither Gen. GRANT nor Mr. BOUTWELL array themselves against enfranchisement in Tennessee. On the contrary, there is good reason to believe that they both share alike in the public apprehensions that the course of Gov. SENTER, illustrated as it has been within the past month by the most flagrant duplicity on the part of his rebel-Democratic supporters, may result not in the enfranchisement of rebels, but in the disfranchisement of the existing colored suffrage, so far as that end may be attained by the revision of the State Constitution and by the refusal of Tennessee to ratify the XVth Article. Gov. SENTER is likely to be re-elected; he is and will be heartily a Republican, but he will have a Democratic Legislature at his back. If he has, as charged, really contributed to this unfortunate result by his own misconduct in the execution of the local registry-laws, he will have brought great odium and equally great embarrassments upon himself, and an odium equally great upon that doctrine of enfranchisement upon which alone he stood at the opening of the local canvass. The dangers of the situation are so patent that we have no fault to find with Messrs. BOUTWELL and CRESWELL for their recent expressions of of sympathy for Governor SENTER'S rival. Indeed, we are confident that the President takes the same view of the situation, and that his preferences run in the same direction. For as things now look, Tennessee may as surely be reckoned in opposition to the Republican tests of which we have above spoken, as Virginia and Mississippi will be in accord with them. Her Republican Governor, only elected as a stalking horse to cover the Democratic designs, will be powerless to counteract them, and the real State authority, embodied in her Legislature, will reject the Article, will go to the fullest length in nullifying the spirit of the reconstruction policy, will practically divest Republican citizens of their present protection in life and property, will thoroughly endorse the Democratic project of repudiation, and in all other respects reveal the unchanged hostility of the "former enemies of the government."

The mischief in Tennessee is more than half done already; practically, these disastrous results are certain, even before the opening of the polls on Thursday next. We have heretofore cordially supported the policy of enfranchisemant in that State, and with our good wishes for SENTER as the frank and sincere exponent of that policy. The treachery of his rebel supporters supplies no good reasons why we should surrender our preference for this policy; we can only regret that the situation has so changed as to imperil its success, the election of SENTER clearly indicating such a rebel triumph as will throw the State out of the Republican line for years. It is somewhat satisfactory to reflect that all loyal Tennesseeans will be speedily re-united under the pressure of Democratic misrule, and that the Federal Constitution, *as it will be*, will supply a salutary curb for the rebel plans of proscription. In the meantime, it will be well if the radical Republicans of Mississippi and Texas, upholding the equality of political rights for every citizen, shall be warned by the trap into which their friends have fallen in Tennessee, and provide additional safeguards against a similar treachery.

Surveys.

The Survey Committee of City Councils yesterday held a meeting to determine the route of Friendship and Liberty avenues. After carefully describing the angles of the new routes of egress from the city, the Committee adjourned to the elegant and palatial suburban residence of Dr. Gross, where a sumptuous dinner was awaiting. The Committee fully and fairly discharged their duty towards the good things spread out of the hospitality of Dr. Gross and his excellent and accomplished lady. Various sentiments were offered in which the name of the host was variously used for our next Mayor, Member of Congress, and Governor—either of which positions he would honorably and creditably fill. Between himself and his excellent lady and daughter the Committee had a very pleasant time in their call at his charming and beautiful residence. Subsequently they visited the very fine home of Mr. Rowland H. Smith, where pure and sparkling wines were awaiting them. Mr. Smith lives in a most delightful spot, and his latch string was out with a generous will. The Committee next visited Mr. Gangwisch's brewery, where the members were excellently well treated, the host displaying all those hospitable qualities for which he is so justly famous. Subsequently the residence of Mr. Alexander B. Boals was visited, where the charming and apetizing wine, made from rhubarb by the skillful hands of Mrs. Boals, was tested and found of very superior grade. The Committee then adjourned, having accomplished a full day's labor and a day of right good pleasure and enjoyment.

Coroner's Business.

Coroner Clawson held seventeen inquests during the month of July, as follows: James Purcell, buried under a clay bank; Adam Cimbert, accidentally drowned; Eldridge H. Price, killed by accident on the Panhandle Railroad; James P. Higby, killed on the Allegheny Valley Railroad; James O'Hara, accidentally drowned; Thomas McDermott, accidentally drowned; Charles Butler, killed by casting at Fort Pitt Foundry; George H. Berry, killed while riding on top of cars on the Panhandle Railroad; Thomas T. V. Smith, accidentally drowned; Lawrence Haney, sunstruck while working on the Mercantile Library building; John Morrison, Indiana township, sun-struck; Christ. Muhlbroner, suicide; James Berkerel, accidentally drowned; William Billheiser, accidentally drowned; Unknown male child, natural causes; Ed. A. Robinson, Pennsylvania Railroad, natural causes; John McAlpine, on Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad train, suicide.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY SCHOOLS.

Superintendent's Report for 1868-69.

Another school year has closed and with its close it becomes necessary for me to make report of the working of our schools. I had intended, and it was my wish at the close of the ninth year of my official labors, to make a full and complete report of all the work that has been done during my term of office, up to the present term; but on looking over my note books, I have not the time necessary for such a work. In consequence of the number of official duties that are now crowding themselves upon me, I must content myself with but a glance at the past and stop only to note a few items of progess—one of the many—with which we are surrounded.

From the resources of information at our command we feel safe in making the assertion, that our schools are steadily gaining favor in the minds of our people. Such has been their growth in popular favor for the past nine years, that we can with safety say that all our intelligent citizens may be said to be the friends of our *common schools*. As an evidence of this favorable public sentiment, the demand for better and more ample accommodation for educational purposes which is constantly being made by the people, —and met by the directors—is still on the increase, and the style of the house, and furniture, which was regarded as very good,—a few years since,—is now entirely discarded. The better to enable the reader to judge of our progress in the way of providing new houses to take the place, in many cases of those old dilapidated relics of bygone days,—we subjoin,—in tabular form—a list of the new houses, erected during the past nine years, and at the same time, showing several other items of information, the nature of which will be seen at a glance, and may add something to the interest of the reader.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Average number of Scholars	10,701	10,838	12,719	16,087	22,892	28,183	24,856	24,876	25,006
Female Pupils	5,769	6,063	6,670	8,545	11,100	14,091	11,662	12,623	12,928
Male Pupils	4,932	4,775	6,049	7,542	11,792	10,092	13,214	12,383	12,078
Salary of Females	24 29	25 45	25 87	26 10	31 15	26,100	34 42	36 78	36 97
Salary of Males	33 65	35 22	34 50	40 14	51 00	51 00	53 84	54 00	59 50
Female Teachers	272	302	402	496	690	677	684	703	711
Male Teachers	264	260	201	158	115	120	138	166	111
Average No. of month	6.45	6.62	6.63	6.81	7.70	7.71	7.71	8.23	...
Schools	403	521	511	562	590	608	609	629	515
Cost of new Houses	$79,610 00	31,065 84	45,359 71	30 204 00	30,093 30	47,223 11	174,000 00	231,242 30	96,868 19
No. New Houses	6	12	11	7	3	11	15	21	10
Number of Houses	367	398	399	315	315	314	316	318	319

From an inspection of the above table it will be seen that from 1861 to the closing of the school year ending on the first Monday of June, 1869, 95 new houses were built at a total cost of $767,488.19, making an average for each house of a little over $8000. Never before within the same number of years has so large a sum of money been spent in providing new houses, or so much intelligence exercised in securing the most approved plans for the new houses, that each may be properly ventilated and comfortably furnished for the accommodation of the pupils.

SCHOOL HOUSES.

Ten new houses have been built during the year, which is not so large a number as the previous one; but when we take into account the consolidation of several of our townships with the city of Pittsburgh and making it a separate school district, the amount of new houses will be found to be about a fair average with the past three years; although the number built in 1868, together with the cost, (as will be seen from the above table,) was greater than any year since I became officially connected with the schools. New houses built during the year as follows, viz: Harrison two, cost $3,200; Pine one, cost $1,380; Plum one, cost $2,273; Lower St. Clair one first class house with two rooms 40x32 and ceiling 12 feet, cost $3,800; Union one, but too small to accommodate the children of the district; Robinson one, with two rooms, cost $3,000; East Deer one, cost $950; Relleview one, cost of house and lot $14,000, size of lot three acres: Fifth ward, Allegheny City, one, cost of house, lot and furniture $70,000. Quite a number of these houses are models of neatness and are nearly all supplied with the most approved style of furniture.

In this report we will only refer specially to the new house built in the Fifth ward, Allegheny city, and it is, perhaps, one of the best, if not the very best, house in Western Pennsylvania, or perhaps in the State. Size of house, front, 134 feet; width, 68 feet, with hall running through the center and two cross halls running through from the front to the rear, with stairways in each, and contains 14 school rooms, each 26x34 feet, with 14 feet ceilings, and each school room has a dressing room attached; also, one large reception room, 34x40 feet, with two dressing rooms attached, one High School Room, 34x40 feet, with one exhibition hall, 35x78 feet, with 22 feet ceiling. The whole building is heated by steam. The Directors of this school deserve the thanks of every parent in the ward for the good judgment which they have exemplified in the ample accommodations which they have made for the children of the ward, and their untiring effort put forth for the improvement of the schools.

WORK DONE BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.

My whole time has been spent in attending to the duties of my office. I have visited every district in the county but three, although a few of the schools were not visited in some of the districts. This was owing to a variety of causes; some were not provided with a teacher, others had closed. This I very much regretted, for doubtless some *Directors* were impressed with the idea that since Pittsburgh constituted a separate school district with its own officer to look after its schools, there remained but little for the County Superintendent to do, and hence he should visit each school of the county once or twice a year, and spend a half day or a day at each visit. To such we would only say, that before the separation of the city from the county there were (629) six hundred and twenty-nine schools to visit, and now only (515) five hundred and fifteen remain to be visited by the County Superintendent, and in order that he may visit each school once, make his tour of annual examinations of teachers, attend educational meetings, will require him to travel over four thousand miles during the year.

In order to enable the public to understand how the time of the Superintendent was spent during the year, I will say that he held 415 examinations, examined 761 applicants for certificates, granted 475 provisional and 31 professional certificates, made 552 visits to schools, attended 10 district institutes, together with (5) five educational meetings, wrote 880 letters, spent 308 days in official duty and traveled during the year 4295 miles. This work was done during the last year, and such is the labor devolving upon the County Superintendent each year, and *we* be to the man who undertakes it and fails.

OTHER AGENCIES.

Prof. Curry's Normal Institute still continues to furnish the usual amount of well drilled teachers for our schools, and we feel that to his school the Directors are indebted for more first class scholars and teachers than all the other institutions of the county combined. Profs. Dickson and Dunbar of the Linnæan Normal Academy have been doing a good work in the way of furnishing some very good teachers, and we heartily wish them abundant success and hope they in their new field will be able to send us many more good teachers.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

We regret to say that as yet but little has been accomplished by way of securing a State Normal School for our district. At the triannual Convention of School Directors, which met in May last, a committee was appointed to take the matter into consideration and to correspond with the counties of Butler and Beaver upon the subject, which was done, but up to this time nothing has been accomplished beyond saying to Mr. James Kelly, of Wilkinsburg, that they will accept of his generous offer of ten acres of ground, proposed to be donated for a site for the Normal School. Such a school would be an invaluable addition to our educational institutions and one which would be of lasting benefit to our teachers.

COUNTY INSTITUTE.

The most successful, although not the largest County Institute, that was ever held in the county, was held during the last three days of March and the 1st and 2d of April. Nearly four hundred teachers were enrolled as members, and when it is remembered that Pittsburgh constitutes a separate district and holds an Institute for itself, it may be said that a very large proportion of our teachers were in attendance. The lectures of Mrs. Mary Howe Smith, Prof. Jones, Rev. B. G. Northrop, Rev. T. K. Beecher, Prof. Shoemaker, Rev. Dr. Clark, and State Superintendent Wickersham, together with the practical drills and best methods of teaching, composition, &c., were all of such a character as to keep up the most intense interest until the last moment of our exercises. The beneficial effects of the Institute were visible in many schools that I have visited since, and other teachers feeling that they have been greatly benefitted have expressed a desire that I should visit them at an early day, that I may the better judge of how much they have profited by the week spent at the Institute. We feel that the County Institute can be made a most valuable auxiliary in our educational machinery.

WANTS.

I might here speak of many, but at this time will only name a very few. 1st. We want a full corps of well trained professional teachers for all of our schools. I do not mean to say that it is a corps of teachers, we want, nor do I wish to be understood as saying that we have no professional teachers, or that we have not many excellent *ones* of whom it may be said that they are exactly the right persons in the right place. I claim that we have a large number of earnest, devoted, and self-sacrificing teachers, who are devoted to their work, but earnestness and energy are not always combined with intelligence and tact. 2nd. We want more encouragement in order that teachers may seek to make teaching a permanent profession, and hence be induced to seek for those qualifications which will justly entitle them to the rank of professional teachers. 3rd. We want the salaries of our teachers increased or otherwise we must not expect that the same amount of talent will long remain in the profession that is to be found in other and less important branches of business.

CONCLUSION.

We feel safe in saying that every intelligent citizen, who stops for but a moment to review the educational work of the past few years, and sees the unmistaken evidence of progress which now surrounds him on every side—will repudiate the absurd idea—as totally unworthy not only of men, but of freemen—that the *State* should only provide a primary education for her children and that only to her poor, as such.

Has she no other wealth save that of her agricultural, mineral, commercial or manufacturing? Has she no resources of wealth to be developed but those which lie deeply imbedded in her iron mountains or her coal fields? Or is it on the mind of her children that we are to base our ideas of wealth? Is it mind that God has stamped with immortality? If so, then certainly we must educate, not a small unfortunate few, but every child, high and low, rich or poor, and not only in the rudiments, but in all that pertains to a liberal education, such as will fit our youth for a full and complete discharge of all the duties devolving upon them as citizens of a free government. In this age of progress it will not do to stop and say that we will only partially educate our children. Tell it everywhere that intelligence and respect for the rights of all classes are still marching on, and no spirit of opposition can long impede their progress. Proclaim it everywhere within the length and breadth of our land, that with intelligence and moral culture the rights of individuals will never be invaded with impunity. Nothing can be done that will so surely attract industry and wealth to us, as to make our schools the best in the State. With every man who respects himself and family, there is no single consideration that will so certainly determine where they will seek homes, as where the advantages of good schools are to be had. The first and paramount consideration is the education of his children.

Let us study, then, so to conduct our schools as that in truth it may be said we have the best in the State, and it will attract thousands to our midst to engage in the numerous mechanical and agricultural industries, thereby adding greatly to our wealth as well as developing immensely more.

Truly it may be said that we have entered upon a new era in our education. There never was a time when every friend of our common schools could work so hopefully as at the present. There is a general awakening upon the subject. It is thorough and the slumbers of the past are over, and in these times of such unparalleled activity every man can work better than before, and thus hope to elevate the standard of education, and create a more liberal public sentiment. The co-operation of parents and the sympathies of the public in favor of wise measures for the improvement of our schools must be had. Then may we reasonably expect that they will meet the full measure of their usefulness, and with God's blessing prove the richest inheritance that can be bestowed upon the children of the State.

A. T. DOUTHETT,
County Superintendent of Allegheny Co.
Allegheny City, July 17th, 1869.

IT is rumored in Washington that an unpleasantness has sprung up between Secretary Robeson and Admiral Porter, growing out of the unwillingness of the Secretary to hold a second part in his department.

FROM THE MOUNTAINS.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

UNIONTOWN, July 30, 1869.

Since my letter of the 19th ultimo, giving you some account of my ramblings among the the mountains, I have made a supplementary visit, this time using the bodily vigor acquired during a fortnight's residence on the mountain from its pure air and pure waters in making sundry pedestrian excursions to various spots noted for some remarkable curiosity of nature, distant from one to five miles from my focal point at Downer's, on Chalkhill. Of these *spots* "Peddler's Rocks" and "Milkhouse Rocks" are remarkable for the number and enormous size of conglomorate rocks strewn over the surface of the highest peaks of the mountain, and covered with moss and litchen. The face of these rocks is worn and corrugated, suggesting the idea that, in some long past geological era, they had been abraded by attrition of water. Some outlying rocks are nearly as large as your custom house; others by their proximity, and the appearance of their sides, corresponding with each other and occupying the highest ground any where in sight, suggest the idea that they must, in their fall from the Moon or some other planet, have been fractured by concussion with the earth, too stubborn and rocky itself to swallow or imbed the huge visitors. Under a vast overhanging section of one of these immense rocks, by which a sort of cave is formed, we entered and found the space sufficient to stand erect. We could hear the gurgling through its invisvisible fissures of a copious spring of water, limpid and cold, forming a miniature lake about our feet. This feature has doubtless suggested the name of the place, Milkhouse Rock. The "Peddler's Rock" is so called because many years ago the body of a murdered peddler was found near it. Several remarkable springs were among the objects of our search, "Trout Spring," "Blue Spring" and "Sand Spring." These, when found, proved to be severally little lakes or ponds of some twenty or thirty feet in diameter, the water very clear and cold. Trout Spring is so called because the speckled beauties make it their home. Blue Spring gets its name from a peculiar precipitate which imparts an apparent blue tint to the water, which, nevertheless, is perfectly limpid and clear. In Sand Spring is seen a beautiful white sand, hence, the name. This sand covers the bed of the little lake, and is very *quick*, and would quickly swallow up, or drown, any luckless wight who might slip from the footlog on which it is crossed.

I was accompanied on these tramps by several ladies from West Virginia and from Pittsburgh, all of whom, I am sure, will join me in grateful acknowledgment of the kindness of Mr. Jacob Johnson, of Chalkhill, without whose guidance our search would have been bootless and to whose intelligence we owe our knowledge of the legends connected with the wild recesses we have so imperfectly described. Soon may he marry, long may he live, rich may be his harvests.

RAMBLER.

ONE OF THE MOST ASTOUNDING CURES EVER PUBLISHED—ATTESTED BY OVER FIFTY WITNESSES.

The remarkable cure of Miss Fisher, of Beaver county, is one worthy of more than a passing notice, especially when so many persons are suffering not only with diseases of the eyes, and partial or total blindness, but likewise with other chronic ailments which Dr. Keyser has treated with such astounding success.

The lady concerned was doomed to perpetual blindness, which through Dr. Keyser's skill was completely removed, the truth of which has been vouched for by a sufficient number of witnesses to establish the fact beyond all cavil. The subjoined letter from the young lady's brother speaks for itself:

DR. KEYSER—This is the list of names that I have to the cure of my sister, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much astonished to see that you brought her sight so soon. My mother sends her thanks to you; she says "you are one of the greatest men in the world." She says if we had not come across you she believes her child would not be living at this time. We all join in sending our love and respects to you.

S. P. FISHER,
North Sewickley.

We, the undersigned know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor avenue, Allegheny.
EUGENE MCCARKEY.
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

S. H. Brown, H. N. Teckle, E. W. Levendorfer, C. S. Swineburg, Wm. Alison, J. Levendorfer, A. Gardner, A. M. Morrison, Isabella Dobbs, G. Fisher (dr'r), T. M. Mahead, Mary J. Brown, Mary J. Weller, Wm. H. Morton, C. M. Wilson, Jennie Patten, Sadie E. Dobbs, I. Dobbs, Philip Friday, A. H. Carroll, Michael Harris, Susan Lemmon, Eliza Levendorfer, J. F. Mitchell, G. Levendorfer, Robt Mahead, Thos. Mahead, Jane A. Morton, N. H. Hazen, Mary E. Wilson, Mariba Patten, Jennie Dobbs, Wm. R. Penny, Williamina Fisher, (her mother.) Rachel Friday, Wm. Jenkins, J. A. Fleming, Eliza Hyde, T. L. Young, A. M. Levendorfer, J. F. Morrison, C. Mahead, D. Fisher, Tillie Mahead, Leon Allison, J. C. Hess, Mary H. Morton, Jennie Wilson, Mary Patten, James Patten, J. W. Dobbs, C. Fisher,

Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Ozena, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, and every species of Sore Eyes and Ears Rupture, Varicocele, Enlarged Limbs Broken Veins, Ulcerated Legs and the various diseases of the skin and hair successfully treated.

DR. KEYSER, may be consulted every day until 12 o'clock, at his store, 167 Liberty street, and from 1 to 3 o'clock at his office, No. 120 Penn street.

ROUSE THE SYSTEM.

It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain; but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterward into a more pitiable condition than ever, as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to,) but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experiences of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOYS AND GIRLS, read the new paper just published, "THE YOUTHS' CABINET," issued monthly at 60 cents per year. Contains Stories, Sketches, Poetry, Anecdotes, Letters, &c. &c. Specimen numbers can be obtained at 39 Sixth avenue, 5 cents each, or sent by mail on receipt of two blue stamps. Address, S. L. CUTHBERT, 39 Sixth avenue.
au3:m94 T

PENNSYLVANIA

MILITARY ACADEMY,

At CHESTER, DELAWARE Co., Pa. (For Boarders only.) The eighth annual session commences Thursday, September 2nd. The buildings are new and very complete in all their appointments. Very thorough instruction in English, ancient and modern languages. Two graduates of the United States Military Academy devote their time exclusively to the departments of Mathematics and Engineering. Careful attention is given to the moral and religious culture of cadets. Circulars may be obtained of C. H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 40 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, or of

COL. THEODORE HOYATT,
President of P. M. Academy, Chester, Pa.
Au 3 m96.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE

ALLEGHENY CEMETERY,

JUNE 1, 1869.

DR.

To amount received for Cemetery lots to date	$479,147 52
To amount received on Endowment Fund	5,800 00
To amount received from sales of shrubbery to date	7,852 19
To amount received from interments and improvement of lots	94,218 09
To amount received for interest, &c	23,805 86
	$609,424 66

CR.

By amount paid for Cemetery grounds to date	$118,412 83
By amount paid for stock and tools to date	1,949 07
By amount paid for permanent improvements	29,872 57
By amount paid for Mausoleum	7 021 10
By amount invested in U. S. bonds and bond mortgages	111,842 45
By amount due on bills receivable, &c	41,582 00
By amount paid for labor to date	174,347 43
By amount paid for expenses, salaries, &c., to date	112,988 29
By amount due from sundry accounts	7,563 59
By balance in bank and in hand	5,842 33
	$309,424 66

au3 m97

STATEMENT OF THE
CONDITION OF

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK,

On 30th July, 1869.

Published by order of the Board of Trustees in accordance with Section 9 of the Charter.

Cash on hands	$ 33,987 92
Expenses and office furniture	2,707 88
Bonds, Mortgages, and other valid securities	424,452 36
Real Estate	854 63
	$462,002.79
Capital Stock authorized, $300,000.	
Capital Stock instalments called in and paid	$ 157,900.00
Premiums and interest	28,339 22
Dividends unclaimed	30.00
Deposit account	275,733.57
	$462,002.79

S. F. VON BONNHORST,
TREASURER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me. Witness my hand and Notarial Seal this 30th day of July, A. D. 1869.

GEORGE W. MURPHY,
jy31:m92 Notary Public.

S. A. CLARKE & CO.'S

Weekly Register of New Books.

The Ladies' Book of Needlework, including Embroidery, Braiding, Knitting, Crotchet, &c., with sixty-four new designs in colors	$7 50
Cyclopoedic Science Simplified, by J. H. Pepper, profusely illustrated, 600 engravings	4 50
Carlyle's Life of Schiller, 1 vol. 8vo	3 75
Stier's Words of the Apostles, 1 vol. 8vo	3 50
Gleanings from French Gardens, comprising an account of such features of French Horticulture as are most worthy of adoption	3 00
Harvey's Painted Windows	2 00
Bright's Speeches, paper	75
McKenzie's History of Scotland	3 50
Ludon's Oxford University Sermons, new edition	1 50
Kriloff, the Russian Fabulist	2 50
Good Society	1 75
First Love and Last Love	80
Dublin Repository Tracts—packet of 3000 pages	1 00
Famous London Merchants, a book for boys	1 00
Dr. Hodge's Commentary on the Confession of Faith	1 75
Journal of Social Science	1 00
The Tourist's Pocket Companion, 1869	1 00
Appleton's Short-Trip Guide to Europe	2 00
Phelps' Sculpture Atlas, 12 colored maps	25
Cipher, a romance by Jane G. Austin	1 00
Little Women, 2 vols., each	1 50
Old-Town Folks, by Mrs. Stowe	2 00
The Subjection of Women, by John Stuart Mill	1 00

119 Wood Street,
T HS 2d door below Fifth Avenue.

NOTICE.—By mutual consent the Co partnership of PARK, McCURDY & CO., is this day, July 31st, dissolved.

DAVID E. PARK,
JOHN McCURDY,
JAMES PARK, JR.

DAVID E. PARK and JAMES PARK, JR., having purchased the interest of Mr. JOHN McCURDY in the late firm, will continue the business of

Manufacturing Copper,

Under the name and style of

PARK & CO.

In retiring from the business I take pleasure in recommending the new firm of PARK & CO. to the confidence of the public.

JOHN McCURDY.
JULY 31st, 1869. jy31:m84

JOB PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

One of the longest established and most complete Job Printing offices in the city, is offered for sale on the most favorable terms. It embraces all the machinery and types necessary for Book and Job Printing in all branches. There are four steam power presses; steam engine and boiler; poster, card and book type; and a complete German Job Office, the materials for which are almost new. The office is complete in every respect, and has a large and profitable business. The establishment will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars apply at the COMMERCIAL OFFICE, or address Box 317 Pittsburgh, Pa.
jy29:m80

PROCLAMATION.

The qualified voters of the First ward, City of Allegheny will meet at the usual time and place for holding elections, on TUESDAY, August 3d, 1869, to ELECT ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Samuel H. Hartman, Esq., Select Councilman, resigned. Also, ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Henry M. Long, Esq., Common Councilman, resigned.

SIMON DRUM, Mayor.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 23, 1869.
jy23:m53

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
jy20:TTHS Principal.

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

BASKET WILLOWS.—45 bdls on steamer Argosy, to arrive, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

DRY PEACHES.—20 bbls in store; will be sold low to close the lot.
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HORNE & CO.

OFFER THE BALANCE OF THEIR

SUMMER STOCK

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices.

TO MAKE

ROOM FOR FALL PURCHASES.

Merino Shirts, 50 cents and up.
Jean Drawers, 75 cents and up.
Gents' Linen Collars, Slightly Soiled, half price.
Neck Ties and Bows at much less than cost.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' Hemmed Handkerchiefs, 10 cents.
Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs, 8 cents and up.
Shear Linen Lawn Handkerchiefs, 50 cents—an Extra Bargain.
Gents' German Linen Handkerchiefs, 25 cents and up,

WHITE GOODS.

Piques, Swisses, Jaconets, Nainsooks, Barred and Plain,

AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

HOSIERY.

Plain and Ribbed Cotton.
Lisle, Silk and Balbriggan Hosiery.
Gents' Merino, Super Stout and Fine Cotton Half Hose.

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

KID GLOVES.

A large assortment of ALEXANDRE, and other leading makes in the most

DESIRABLE SHADES.

Wide Ruffled Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Colored Trimmed Linen Sets.
Handsome Sash Ribbons, plain and fancy.
Bow and Narrow Ribbons.
Ladies' Neck Ties and Scarfs, much less than cost.
Corsets, of best French make, greatly reduced.
Hoop Skirts, a new lot just received, including extra waists and lengths.
A good assortment of Traveling Satchels.
Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.
Pongee Silk Parasols.
Silk and Linen Fans.
Dress Trimmings and Fringes.
Buttons, Ornaments, &c.,

OFFERED VERY CHEAP.

An Immense Reduction

IN

MILLINERY GOODS,

HATS, BONNETS, &c.,

At Half the Former Rates.

WILL RECEIVE ON

MONDAY, August 2d,

A SPLENDID LINE OF

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT.

Our Stock in this department will be found complete in

DOMESTIC AND STAPLE GOODS.

Suspenders
Hosiery,
Handkerchiefs,
Merino Underwear,
Braids, Combs,
Buttons,
Spool Cotton,
Paper Collars
and Cuffs,
Soaps, Perfumeries,

AND EVERYTHING IN NOTIONS, AT THE

Lowest Market Rates.

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
au3

NEW

HOUSEKEEPING

DRY GOODS

AT

VERY LOW PRICES!

FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Sheeting Muslins,
Pillow Case Muslin,
Fine Unbleached Muslin,
Bleached Muslin,
Table Linens, all kinds,
Towellings,
Towels, &c.,
White Marseilles Quilts,
White Allendale Quilts,
White Honeycomb Quilts,
Heavy Colored Quilts,
Flannels, all colors,
White Country Blankets,
Fine Eastern Blankets,
Grey Blankets, &c., &c.

LARGE ADDITIONS

OF

NEW GOODS

HAVE

Just been Received.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS

Well Supplied with

ALL

DESIRABLE GOODS

OFFERED

TO CASH BUYERS,

AT

Prices as Low and Lower

THAN

PRESENT EASTERN PRICES,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

KISHOCOQUILLAS SEMINARY,

FOR BOTH SEXES.

This institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishocoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people. Surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the freshest mountain air the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and higher Mathematics. A lady from Massachusetts, of superior qualifications will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham, from Washington county, Pa., has charge of instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200.00.

For Catalogue, address

MARTIN MOHLER, A. M., Principal,

KISHOCOQUILLAS, MIFFLIN CO., Pa.

Refer to Rev. O. O. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.
je15:m40-T&T

NOTICE.—This is to certify that the undersigned has ceased to have any transactions with John Ostermaier, David Collins, Boaly Smith, Isaac Snyder, and others, as informer for the so-called Liquor League of the old Fifth ward, Pittsburgh. When the matter was gotten up I was led into it in ignorance of the design by the stratagem of the leaders of the League, who, as I now believe, used me as an instrument in their hands for their own pecuniary benefit.

JERRY SCANLON.
au2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANOTHER INVOICE

OF

Fine Black, Royal Standard

ALPACAS,

Fine Black Gro Grain

ALPACAS.

POPULAR BARGAINS

Still Continued!

TWELVE YARDS

Fast Colored Dark Calicos

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

TWELVE YARDS

BLEACHED MUSLIN

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

At 12 1-2 Cents.

YARD WIDE BLEACHED MUSLIN,

Best Offered this Season.

At 12 1-2 Cents.

GOOD DARK GINGHAMS.

At 12 1-2 Cents.

BED TICKING.

At 12 1-2 Cents,

CANTON FLANNEL.

At 6 1-4 Cents.

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

At 12 1-2 Cents,

HANDSOME NEW STYLES

BEST CALICOS.

Good Bargains Daily Opening

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

FOR SALE.

Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.
Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.
Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.
Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.
Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.
One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.
Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.
20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.
20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of

McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.
jy10

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.
Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.
Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Morehead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig.
jy16:m23

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES,
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for GRADING and PAVING of HAMLIN STREET from Bidwell street to Chartiers street; also the assessment for Grading and Paving of Franklin street, from Sedgwick street to Beaver avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until August 3d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy27:m65 City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of LINDSEY'S ALLEY, from Ledlie street to Jackson street. Also the assessment for the Grading and Paving of BLAIR ALLEY, from Lindsey's alley to Ramage alley, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until AUGUST 2d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy24:m55 CITY ENGINEER.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, August 2d, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the GRADING of Wylie street extension, from Crawford to Kirkpatrick street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 12th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

au2:m92 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading and Paving ALMOND ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley R. R., is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 5th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
jy26:m61 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing MILTENBERGER STREET, from St. Patrick's Alley to Bluff street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurers' office for collection.

jy23 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 23d, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the partial Grading of Bluff street, from Cooper to Pride street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

jy23:m50 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at

S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $2 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.

And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.
jy10:TU-8

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.
jy28-m66

TO LUMBER DEALERS AND CARPENTERS.—I am now in receipt of

ONE MILLION

Best A No. 1 Saginaw Shingles,

from the celebrated Michigan Lumber Regions direct, which I can sell to the trade at low figures either by car load or in quantities to suit purchasers.

ALEX. PATTERSON,

Cor. Juniata and Preble streets, Sixth ward, and No. 457 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:m76

A RARE CHANCE IS NOW offered to those who wish to invest in profitable Real Estate. We have for sale four Brick and one Frame Tenant Houses, with lot of ground 30 feet front by 90 deep; also a lot 30 by 6 feet, fronting on Strawberry alley, opposite Academy of Music and near the corner of Liberty street.

For further information, apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
au2 39 Sixth avenue.

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. jy31:m18

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

$80,000 Worth Unsold.

TEN DAYS LONGER!

STILL GREATER REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Many Goods offered Twenty-five per cent. less than they can be bought for in the Eastern Markets at the present time.

Winter Goods as well as Summer

AT

THE SAME REDUCTION.

Must be Closed Out!

By Order,

J. W. BARKER, Jr.,
Administrator.

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED.—A good GARDENER, to go to the country, who can drive and work with horses; must be sober, honest and industrious. To such an one a good home and fair wages will be given. Call at or address JOHN J. A. YOUNG, Fruit and Confectionery, No. 83 Fifth Avenue Extension, for further information.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED.—TEACHERS.—In Union township, FIVE TEACHERS. Applicants will meet at Mount Pisgah School House on SATURDAY, August 7th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board.

STRAYED.

STRAYED FROM THE RESI- DENCE of the subscriber, on Tuesday last, a RED AND WHITE COW. Any person finding or giving information where she may be found, will be rewarded.

WILL MILLER, Coal Hill.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—SCHOOL ROOMS.— Prof. H. I. Gourley having discontinued the rooms lately occupied by him in "Phelan's Buildings," 22 and 24 Fifth Avenue, will be for rent, together with all the school furniture complete. For further particulars inquire of JAMES PHELAN, No. 24 Fifth Avenue.

TO-LET.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, with Gas, in old Sixth ward; rent moderate. Enquire of S. M., 257 Liberty street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—A HOUSE of Ten Rooms, newly refitted; in a most beautiful, shady and central location, on Eighth (Hancock) street, near Penn. Also another with six rooms. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—FIVE NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, 5th ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny Avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14:T&F

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 73 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL.
jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue.

FOR SALE.

SALTSBURG—A 2 story Brick House, 9 rooms, 80 by 180.

GREENSBURG—A Lot 62 by 82, opposite freight depot.

McKEESPORT—4 Lots and 2 story Brick House, with Tavern; M. V. R. R. passing through the property.

PERRY STREET, Allegheny—2 story frame house, 20 by 91.

ELIZABETHTOWN—4 Lots, 25 by 60, with three frames and a two story Brick house.

SECOND AVENUE—A 3 story Brick House, 9 rooms.

CENTRE AVENUE—A 2 story Brick House.

For particulars enquire at 87 Grant street.
jy16 TUSTIN & KLEE.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE.

The elegant new two story pressed brick front, at present occupied by J. S. Bell, Beach street, Second ward, Allegheny. The house contains 11 rooms, with attic, wash house with stationary tubs, stable and coach house, side yard and garden. The house is finished in the very best style, with inside shutters marble mantles and hearths, marble wash stands, Graff, Hugus & Co's furnace, Cincinnati range in kitchen, speaking tubes, pantries, and every convenience necessary for a first-class residence. For terms apply to

J. S. BELL.
jy31:m90 Bates & Bell's, or on the premises.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot on Sandusky street; House and Lot on Boyle street; 2 Houses in the Eighth Ward; 3 Farms in Ohio; Farm in Sewickley Township; 10 acres at Fleming Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; Farm near Perrysville; House and 1½ acres at Glendale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 2 Farms in Iowa; Lot on Locust street (Manchester); Farm in Westmoreland county; 7 Houses and Lots in Spring Garden avenue; House and Lease on Middle street; House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward. Other Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of

M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. jy17

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4 inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece.

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA.

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON.
BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON.
BOILER PLATES AND HEADS.
GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS.
FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH.
SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL.
STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern.
STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.
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SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS,
ELLI C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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GENERAL PARTNERS:
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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.
fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VEENER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.
Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.
Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House.
ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

BRASS FOUNDERS.

JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY BEER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike streets. sp2o

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD (FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Jamis Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches. Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.

Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 5 and 6 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT.)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.
Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.
CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.
RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS.
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS.
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS.
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES.
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:169

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 30, 32, 34 AND 36 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:o21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.
Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS:

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ⅜, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina'd Shingles.
300,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets,

Orders promptly attended to. ap15:

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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(NINTH WARD.)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 18 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

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ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

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Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:o95

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DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

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ap1:w20

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Head-Light Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Benzole, Harness Oil, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FINANCIAL.

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh,

Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business, at 195 FIFTH AVENUE.
Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.
Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

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jy10:198

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 30 FOURTH AVENUE,

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CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
je10:k43

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

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And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.
my1:182

N. HOLMES & SONS,

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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ja30:a1

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
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SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

This Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor,

Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide.)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se28:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

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GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

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GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.
my13:125

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 2, 1869.

Money market easy at 6@7 most of the day, with the bulk of business at 6; but late in the afternoon more active among stock brokers and the general rate was 7 per. cent. The flurry was due to the increased activity on Stock Exchange and the fact that many brokers waited until the afternoon before making their loans. The purchase of ten millions of bonds by the Treasury this month is certainly in favor of a continued lack in money and regarded as likely to start a more lively speculation on the "bull" side. Prime paper 7@10.

Sterling quiet at 9¾@10⅛ per cent. Gold heavy and lower on the reported advance of bonds in London to 84; the price opened at 136¼, advanced to 136½, and closed at 135¾@135⅞.

Carrying rates 4½@6 per cent. Clearances forty-four millions.

Governments are strong on 10-40s and currency 6s, which are scarce and higher, and steady on the rest of the list, which is not much affected by the Treasury announcement, which had been discounted. Coupons of '81, nominal at 124@124½; do. '62, 125@125½; do. '64, 123½@123¾; do '65, 123½@123¾; do. new, 122½@122⅝; do. '67, 122⅝@122¾; do. 10-40's, 116@116¼; Pacifics, 111¼@111¾.

State Bonds firmer on Tennessees and North Carolinas: Missouris 87½; old North Carolinas 58; new 57¾; old Virginias 58½; new 61¼.

The stock market was strong during the most of the day, but became a little weaker in the afternoon on an increased demand for money, closing steady at the quotations, though dull. New York roads were weak all day, and the increased activity was confined to western shares. Northwestern is the feature, and is materially higher on the expectation that H. H. Baxter will succeed Mr. Keep as President, together with the over sold condition of the market.

Express Shares weak, with a marked decline in Wells & Co. reported. Adams will not resume dividends for several months.

Five-Thirty Prices: Canton, 59; Cumberland, 33; Western Union Telegraph, 38¼; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa, 9; do. preferred, 16; Pacific Mail, 34¼; Adams Express, 59; Wells 17½; American, 41; United States, 68; Merchants Union, 10½; New York Central, 209½; Harlem, 160; Hudson, 186; Reading, 97½; Erie, 28¾; do. pref., 55¼; Michigan Central, 131; Michigan Southern, 106¼; Illinois Central, 141; Pittsburgh, 106¼; Northwestern, 85½; and sold as high as 86¾; do. preferred, 97, Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 71; Rock Island, 114¼; St. Paul, 79¼; do. preferred, 88¾; Wabash 73; do. preferred 80; Fort Wayne, 153; Terre Haute, 33; do. preferred, 59; Chicago and Alton, 166; Ohio and Mississippi, 32½; St. Joe, 126½; Dubuque and Sioux City, 104½.

Mining shares: Smith and Parmlee, 345; Gregory, 195.

Sub-Treasury: Balance, $93,794,803.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Augus 1, 1869.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135¾@136; Silver, 128@130; Eighty-one's, 123¾@124; Five Twenties, 1862, 124¾@125; do 1864, 123¼@123½; do 1865, 123¼@123½; do 1865, Consols, 122⅛@122⅜; do 1867, 122⅜@122½; do 1868, 122½@122¼; Ten Forties, 115⅞; New York Central, 209¼; Erie, —; Reading, 97¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 53½; Ohio & Mississippi, 32¼; Michigan Southern, 106½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 106¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 114; Chicago & North Western, 85⅜; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 97¼; Adams Express Company, 59½; Merchants Union Express, 11; Pacific Mail, 84½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38; Am. W. Express, 41.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,76	$6,85
Paris, per franc	27¼	28¼
Berlin, thaler	99¾	1,00¾
Frankfort, florins	58	59½

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 136¼; United States Sixes, 1881, 124; Five-Twenties, 1862, 125; do. 1864, 123½; do. 1865, 123½; Ten-Forties, 115⅝; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 122⅜; do. do. 1867, 122½; do. do, 1868, 122¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 110⅜; Lake Superiors 96.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 2 1869.

The most important and encouraging feature we have to notice is a continuation of fine weather, and the Winter Wheat crop is now pretty generally secured. There is less croaking than there was a week or two ago, and the croakers who have been contending that the wheat had been runined by the rains, and that prices were likely to rule high, will doubtless soon realize, if they have not already, that their predictions are not likely to be realized. Both dealers and consumers generally are looking for lower instead of higher prices, of both wheat and flour, the present upward movement in the west to the contrary, notwithstanding.

APPLES—In better supply and lower, and we now quote at $3@5 per bbl.

BERRIES—None in market to-day.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged—we continue to quote at 20@25, for fair to choice.

BEANS—Sales at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6: No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Sales common Western Reserve at 13@14; Ohio Factory and Hamburg 14@15; and Goshen, 15@16c.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydrulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Is dull as usual at this season of the year, and prices are nominally unchanged.

DRIED FRUIT—Is very dull, and dealers generally are anxious to close out. Small sales of Peaches at 9@10 cts. for quarters, and 12@14 for halves. Apples, 10@13.

EGGS—In good supply and dull, at 18@19 cts.

FEATHERS—May be quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots.

FLOUR—Is very quiet, the demand being restricted entirely to supplying immediate wants, and while the supply is reduced, and the market firm, prices are unchanged. We continue to quote Spring Wheat brands at $6,75@7,00, and Winter Wheat at $7,00@7,25. Flour is still relatively cheaper here than in Chicago; it may seem strange, yet it is a fact, nevertheless.

GRAIN—Wheat is in steady milling demand, and prime to choice old Red may be quoted at $1,40@1,45, and new at $1,35@1,40. Oats held firmly but the market seems to be dull; we continue to quote at 69@70 on track and wharf, and 72@73 in store. Corn is in limited supply and steady at $1,00@1,05, for mixed to prime Yellow. Rye is dull and cannot be quoted above $1,25—not much offering. No Barley in market.

HAY—New crop is coming in more freely, and it is likely that prices will rule lower.

HEMP—Dull and nominal.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50, and Cleveland at $2,50, per bbl.

LARD OIL—No. 1, at 1,43@1.45; No. 1 Extra, $1,47@1,48; and No. 2, at $1,08@$1,10.

PEACHES—Sales at $2@3 per box.

POTATOES—$1,75@2,00 per bbl.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 65@70 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Market is firm; prices well sustained; 15@15¼ for Shoulders; 18@19 for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 19 for Plain and 23½@24 for Sugar Cured Hams, and 17½@18 for Breakfast Bacon. Lard, 20¼ in tierces and 20¾@21 in half bbls and kegs. Mess Pork, $33½.

PEANUTS—Sales 100 bgs at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted by the car load, 1, at $1,75@80.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10½.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 2, 1869.

The oil market was exceedingly quiet, the volume of business having again been light, while in regard to prices, there is no important change to notice. The inequality in prices, noted from day to day for some time past, still continues, and until there is a change in this respect no improvement in business can reasonably be expected. The trade is devoid of that activity and bouyancy which should and usually does prevail at this season of the year; and until the change referred to takes place, it is altogether probable that the present stagnation will continue. Manufacturers, like other men, are not disposed to do business at a loss, and yet this is the inevitable result in the present condition of affairs.

We have been furnished with the following figures which are given as the average prices of oil for last month: Refined, 31⅞; crude, 14¾; Anwerp, 49 6-10 francs; Gold, 136. Last year about this time, crude was quoted at 14, while refined sold at from 33 to 34, which afforded the refiner a moderate margin; at the present time there is no margin whatever.

CRUDE.

Sales two lots of 1,000 each, to be delivered on present water, at 14¾, and this may be regarded as the standard price for spot or August delivery; seller option all year nominal at 14@14½, and buyer, 16@16½.

REFINED

Sale 1,000 bbls prime light straw to white, on spot, at 31. Standard white quoted at 31@31¼ on spot; 32 for last half August; 32¾, August to December; 33 September to December. Sale 500 each September and October at 33¼.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c
Parker & Thompson	1,040 "

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher Bro	480 bbls.
J. J. Vandergrift	560 "
Owston & Sowers	480 "
W. Raymond	80 "
Pool Bro	240 "
Tack Bro	480 "
Total	2,320 bbls

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Co. 444 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 148 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 532 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 249 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Warmser, Myers & Co. 100 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Work 100 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Thos. Hackett, 101 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 45 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Pennock & Beeson, 25 bbls lubricating oil, to Sharp, Wecse & Co. Harrisburgh.

Pennock & Beeson, 10 bbls lub. oil to Eberrole Coal Co. Harrisburg.

Pennock & Beeson, 10 bbls lub. oil to G. B. Markle, Harrisburg.

Pennock & Beeson, 10 bbls lub. oil to Harleigh Coal Co. Harrisburg.

Total Refined 2,612

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Tomato Catsup.—One bushel ripe tomatoes—boil until soft—squeeze through a seive, and add one quart vinegar, half pint salt, one oz. cloves, one oz. allspice, half oz. cayenne pepper, two oz. mustard seed, and boil the whole three hours.

Chopped Pickles.—One gallon green tomatoes chopped fine—four green peppers—three onions—handful of salt sprinkled over them. Let them stand six hours—drain off the liquor and add one tablespoonful of ground pepper, one of allspice, one of made mustard, one-half pint mustard seed, three pints vinegar.

Graham Bread.—Two cups sweet milk, two cups sour milk or buttermilk, one-half cup molasses, one teaspoonful soda, with unbolted wheat meal to make a stiff batter. This can not be beaten for bread.

Baked Indian Pudding.—Scald a quart of milk. Wet up a teacup of Indian meal and three teaspoonfuls wheat flour in cold milk; stir it into the boiling milk. Then add a teacup of sugar, teaspoon cinnamon and half teaspoon salt. Pour the batter into a two-quart dish and fill up with cold milk. Skim milk makes the best pudding.

Cream Cakes.—One pound of flour, half a pound of butter, and one pint of boiling water; pour the water boiling hot on the butter, and put it over the fire. As soon as it begins to boil stir in the flour, when cool add nine eggs, well beaten. Bake them as in the next receipt.

Custards for the Above.—Take a pint of rich cream, and add to it three eggs, well beaten, and a little flour; sweeten and flavor to the taste, and put it on to boil. When the cakes are baked, open the crusts at the sides and fill with the custard.

To Keep Tomatoes.—Cut the tomatoes into an earthen pan; sprinkle them with salt and allow them to imbibe it for twelve or fifteen hours. After this time drain them carefully, then press them through a colander of middle fineness, in such a manner as to produce a pulp having neither seeds nor bits of skin; put this pulp into a towel with the corners tied, turn up the towel and let all the liquid part drain away. When it runs no longer, put what remains in large glass jars, leaving an inch space at the top, level the tomato, fill the space with good olive oil, then close with parchment. The tomato pulp keeps very well in this manner, and in winter replaces perfectly the fresh tomato, whose full aroma, lively color other qualities it preserves. No preparation of the tomato is easier to make, none is cheaper, and none insures better results.

Blackberry Cordial.—The following is said to be not only an excellent beverage, but a cure for diarrhoea: To half a bushel of blackberries, well mashed, add half a pound of alspice, two ounces cinnamon, three ounces cloves. Pulverize well, mix, and boil slowly till properly done. Then strain or squeeze the juice through homespun or flannel, and add to each pint of juice one pound of loaf sugar. Boil again for some time, take it off, and while cooling add a half gallon of the best cognac brandy. Dose for an adult, half a gill to a gill; for a child, half a teaspoonful or more, according to age.

Blackberry Wine.—Gather when ripe on a dry day. Put into a vessel with the head out, and a tap fitted near the bottom; pour on them boiling water to cover them. Mash the berries with your hands, and let them stand covered till the pulp rises to the top, and forms a crust in three or four days. Then draw off the fluid into another vessel, and to every gallon add one pound of sugar; mix well, and put into a cask to work for a week or ten days, and throw off any remaining lees, keeping the cask well filled, particularly at the commencement. When working has ceased, bung it down; after six or twelve months it may be bottled.

Blackberry Wine and Cordial.—To make a wine equal in value to port, take ripe blackberries or dewberries and press them; let the juice stand thirty-six hours to ferment; skim off whatever rises to the top, then to every gallon of the juice add a quart of water and three pounds of sugar, (brown sugar will do;) let this stand in open vessels for twenty-four hours, skim and strain it, then barrel it until March, when it should be carefully racked off and bottled. Blackberry cordial is made by adding one pound of white sugar to three pounds of ripe blackberries, allowing them to stand twelve hours; then pressing out the juice, straining it, adding one-third spirit, and putting a teaspoontul of finely powdered alspice in every quart of the cordial, it is at once fit for use. This wine and cordial are very valuable medicines in the treatment of weakness of stomach and bowels, and are especially valuable in the summer complaints of children.

Another Recipe for Making Blackberry Wine.—The following recipe for making blackberry wine is given by the Richmond *American:* Measure your berries and bruise them, to every gallon adding a quart of boiling water. Let the mixture stand twenty-four hours, stirring occasionally, then strain off the liquor into a cask, to every gallon adding two pounds of sugar; cork tight, and let it stand till the following October, and you have wine ready for use without further boiling or straining, that will make your lips smack as they never smacked before under such influences.

Blackberry Jam.—Gather the fruit in dry weather; allow half a pound of good brown sugar to every pound of fruit; boil the whole gently together for an hour, or until the blackberries are soft, stirring and mashing them well. Preserve it like any other jam and it will be found very useful in families, particularly for children—regulating their bowels and enabling you to dispense with cathartics. It may be spread on bread, or on puddings instead of butter; and even when the blackberries are bought it is cheaper than butter.

Canning Fruits.—As the fruit canning season is upon us, the following from Mrs. Kate Hunnibee's Diary, published in the *Hearth and Home*, and the best agricultural paper in the United States, may prove useful as well as interesting. She makes two neighbors at her household club tell just how the thing is done:

Mrs Bland—Will Mrs. Field imagine herself with a pan of fruit in her lap, and tell us just how she proceeds from beginning to end?

Mrs. Field—I first prepare the fruit by picking over, peeling, or whatever is required; place it in the jars in nice layers, neatly arranged; then referring to the recipe for the particular kind of fruit I am putting up, as certain how much sugar should be used to the quart. Dissolve the sugar in hot water and pour it over the fruit, taking care to pour it into the centre of the jar; add hot water till the jar is full, and apply the cap or stopper lightly. Then set the jars into a boiler of warm water, on the bottom of which strips of wood are placed; bring the water to the boiling point, and let it continue there as long as is required for that kind of fruit. Remove the jars from the boiler; loosen the caps for a few minutes to let out the steam and hot air; screw them down again; set the jars in a cool place, but not in a draft, and when the fruit is nearly cold screw the covers down as tight as I can, and set away in a dry, cool place. Here is a tabular statement of the time for boiling fruits, with the quantity of sugar required to the quart. Mrs. Lee is very successful in canning corn, beans and peas—I presume she will tell us just how it is done:

	Time of boiling.	Quantity of sugar to the quart.
Cherries	5 minutes.	6 ounces.
Raspberries	6 "	4 "
Blackberries	6 "	6 "
Plums	10 "	8 "
Whortleberries	5 "	4 "
Peaches, whole	15 "	4 "
Peaches, halved	9 "	4 "
Pears, halved	50 "	6 "
Pears, whole	30 "	8 "
Pineapple, sliced	15 "	6 "
Ripe Currants	6 "	8 "
Grapes	18 "	8 "
Tomatoes	10 "	none "
Gooseberries	8 "	8 "
Quinces, Sliced	10 "	15 "

Mrs Lee—I always use glass jars, finding them cheaper and more convenient than tin cans. My rule for corn, is as follo vs: Take sweet corn, ripe but not hard: cut it from the cob, fill my cans full and press down, but do not add water. Then lay the covers on loosly, and set the cans into my wash boiler, with sticks in the bottom for the cans to rest on, and with water enough in the boiler to come half way up the sides of the can. Cover up tight, and boil briskly three hours. Then take out the cans, and screw the covers on tight. I proceed precisely in the same way with green peas and beans.

Eradicating Sprouts—Girdle the tree about one foot above the ground, any time when the bark will strip, but during the hot weather in August is best. Separate the bark from the body of the tree down to the ground, and as far along the roots as can be done without splitting, except a little at the top, just enough to let it stand out and form a cup. Fill the cup with salt and the tree will die to the utmost extremities of its roots, involving in its death every sprout. Cherry trees can be killed as readily. At present I am killing burdock, without fail, by cutting even with the ground, then split the root down the midde and put a tablespoonful of salt on the cut surface, and the work is done. In two or three cases, where the dock was growing in the midst of a currant bush it killed currants and all.

Other correspondents write as follows: Girdling a tree will kill it and the main roots, but not the rootlets near the surface. From these, sprouts will grow the next year. Cut these off with a scythe close to the ground about the 1st of August, and their roots will die.

In regard to deadening trees, the best time is in the dark of the moon, in August. A few years ago I killed a lot of yellow willow trees by girdling them in the dark of the moon, in August, and it killed them so effectually that not one of them ever tried to put out a shoot again. The yellow willow is generally not very easily killed, but this was effectual.

Vine leaves—their uses.—From experiments which I have made I find that, on being dried, which should be done in the shade, and infused in a teapot, the leaves of the vine make an excellent substitute for tea. I have also found that, on being cut small, bruised and put into a vat or mash-tub, and boiling water poured on them in the same way as done in malt, the prunings of the vine produce liquor of a fine vinous quality, which, on being fermented, makes a very fine beverage, either strong or weak, as you please; and, on being distilled, produces an excellent spirit of the nature of brandy. In the course of my experience I found that the fermented liquor from the prunings, particularly the tendrils, when allowed to pass the vinous and to run into the acetous fermentation, makes uncommonly fine vinegar.—*Philosophical Magazine.*

Toads, &c., in the Garden.—"Carry all the toads you may find to your gardens. They will devour immense numbers of bugs. A toad will swallow the largest specimen of the tomato worm, though sometimes he will have a hard time of it. Snakes, hens, wasps, spiders, are all devourers of your enemies. A common duck will go up and down rows of tomato and potato vines, and pick off the large worm usually found on such vines, as fast as it can see them; and they will see a half a dozen when a man would not see one. Young turkeys will do the same service, though they are not so easily controlled and guided. All fallen fruit is to be picked up twice a day—at any rate one time—boiled, and then given to your cattle to be devoured. By doing this it will pay ten times over and the result of it will be that next year you will not have insects."

THE Chicago papers are complaining that the lands of Northwestern Iowa are made the means of swindling even the shrewd brokers of that city. The *Tribune*, after noticing some instances of fraud, says:

These swindling operations have not been confined to Chicago, There is every reason to believe that duplicates of these abstracts have not only been used in the principal Western cities, but as far East as New York. There is no estimating the number of times that these Northwestern Iowa lands may have been sold and resold, or the number of people that have been swindled out of their money by the transfers. Already parties in Detroit; Northern Michigan and Milwaukee are writing on here to find out what futher developments have been made. No arrests have as yet been attempted, because of the exceeding difficulty there would be in proving a case of fraud. As a matter of law, no party can be charged criminally in these transactions where it appears he has a color of title warrant. The abstracts, which are used here by the pretended agents of the pretended owners of the lands, are perfectly legitimate on their faces, and whatever criminality there is in the business can easily be shifted upon the county officers of localities in Iowa where these lands are said to be situated.

OFFICIAL information has been received by Gen. O. O. Howard regarding the condition of affairs in Texas, from which it appears that 15,000 freedmen have been rendered destitute by the recent floods.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, July 28, 1869.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Bank will be held at the Bank, No. 131 Smithfield s reet, on THURSDAY, August 5th, at 4 o'clo k P. M., for the purpose of co sidering increase of capital.

By order of the Board.

jy29:m81 G. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO., PITTSBURGH, July 14th, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 20, Turtle Creek Division Bonds, due August 1st next, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. PAGE JR., Secretary and Treasurer.

jy14 THST

TEMPERANCE

CONVENTION.

The Temperance Men of Allegheny county (and those friendly to the cause are requested to meet at their several places of election on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July 31, and vote for two (2) d leg tes to meet in Convention on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, August 4th, at 2 o'clock, in the COURT HOUSE, to nominate a candidate for County Commissioner.

By order, GEORGE IRWIN.

Chairman County Executive Committee.

jy28:m75

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the travelling community.

J. B. HARRIS

Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and

MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either sy State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

WOOD TURNING, SCROLL SAWING, AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Larock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

my11:37 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c., 118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

GRAY'S FERRY PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

feb6:e66 PHILADELPHIA.

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,

my6:177-THS&T

HEADQUARTERS FOR MEN AND BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices. Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits; Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits; Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits; Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks; Gents' Alpaca Sacks; Gents' White and Brown Duet Suits; Gents' Scotch Cheviot Business and Walking Suits. Clothing of all kinds at GRAY & LOGAN'S,

jy30 No. 47 Sixth street, (late St Clair.)

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT.

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 62 Sandusky St. Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns done ap6-r86

BANK & INSURANCE STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, August 3d, at o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

4 shares Third National Bank;
10 shares Keystone Savings Bank;
30 shares German Insurance Co.
12 shares Allemania Insurance Co.;
5 shares Enterprise Insurance Co.;
$2 000 Allegheny Valley Railroad 7 3-10 First Mortgage bond.

au2 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers o

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET

All orders promptly attended to

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

220 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

NOTICE.—My wife MARGE SKILES, having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, notice is hereby given to all persons not to trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from this date.

JOHN SKILES,

Franklin township, Allegheny county, Pa. PITTSBURGH, July 29, 1869. jy30:m85

SICILY LEMON SUGAR,

For making Lemonade; an excellent substitute for Lemons. For sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW, Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

jy24

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secret ones, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing nervousness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 11 A. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:162

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:163-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET.

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

J. L. DILLINGER..... A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195, FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS HOPS, &c. mh28,n5

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:b4

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground fron ing 138 feet on Strawberry Lane, running back 25N feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the of the Cleve and and Pittsburgh Railr ad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENANT HOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.

ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Wood's Run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:m77

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each.
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3.500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each,

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal. 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Hopewell Old School Presbyterian Church, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania" for a Charter of Incorporation, at No. 604 September Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the "HOPEWELL OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pa.," have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.

au2 J. H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL, Attorneys for Petitioners.

JULY 19, 1869. jy20:m35

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN QUINN, Esq., late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the Estate will please make prompt payment, and those having claims against the same will present them immediately to MARY QUINN, Adm'rix, or to CHAS. B. KENNY, Attorney at Law, 89 Grant St.

jy31:m91

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that an application has been made in the Court of Common Pleas for Allegheny county for the granting of a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION to the THIRD NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF BIRMINGHAM and if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of Court.

BY THE COURT.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

jy18:m38-T

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration *cum testamento annexo* on the estate of JAMES BARR, SR., late of the Borough of Birmingham, Allegheny county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Administrator. jy20 m37-T 87 Diamond street, Pittsburgh

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO. **NEW GOODS.** R. E. BREED & CO.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS.

A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

100 WOOD STREET.

SLATE.

ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh21:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 466 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja8:29

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

PROPOSALS.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.

The SEWER COMMISSION of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the following sewers, with their appurtenances, Inlets, manholes, etc.:

CONTRACT NO. 1,

Comprising about 1,000 feet of 4-feet circular BRICK SEWER, from Pasture Lane to junction of Montgomery avenue sewer, through West Common.

CONTRACT NO. 2,

Comprising about 650 feet of 18-inch circular PIPE SEWER on Ridge avenue, from a point 200 feet north from the intersection of Rebecca street to Belmont street sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 3,

Comprising about 550 feet of 18-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on Pitt alley, from Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue and sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 4,

Comprising about 1,350 feet of 18-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on North avenue, from Boyle street to Palo Alto street.

CONTRACT NO. 5,

Comprising about 400 feet of 12-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on Montgomery alley, from the line of Mrs. Wallace's property to Montgomery avenue sewer.

Drawings and specifications can be seen at the City Engineer's office, City Hall. Bids must state the kind of sewer proposed to be furnished (cement or vitrified clay pipe) and must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals," Contract No 1 (or 2 &c., as the case may be,) and delivered on or before 3 P. M., AUGUST 5th, 1869. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at the City Engineer's office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission.

CHAS. DAVIS,

jy30:m74 City Engineer.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS addressed to the undersigned will be received until AUGUST 6th, 1869, for the

Graduation, Masonry and Ballasting,

OF THE BUTLER BRANCH

Of the Western Penn R. R.,

Extending from Freeport, Armstrong county, to Butler, Butler county, Pa., a distance of TWENTY-ONE MILES. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., on and after July 26th.

G. B. ROBERTS,

jy22:m81 CHIEF ENGINEER.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 30, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer on Forty-Second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny river. Also, for one on Eleventh street, from the foot of Washington street to the Allegheny river. Also, for Grading, Paving and Curbing of Forty-second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and for Grading and Paving Pleasant Alley, from Forty-third to Forty-fourth street, will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5TH.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids considered unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

jy30:m86 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILDERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE STEAM CYLINDER 26 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

ALSO—Plans will be received by the Water Committee for improved class of pumping engines, to equal the capacity of a steam cylinder, 26 inches in diameter, pump 16 inches in diameter, with a pressure of 70 pounds on steam cylinder.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.

jy28:m68

PROPOSALS FOR SCHOOL BUILDING.—Sealed Proposals for the erection of a BRICK SCHOOL HOUSE, in and for the Borough of Millvale, will be received until TUESDAY, AUGUST 10TH, 1869, at 4 P. M. Bids for the whole job, or separate bids for the excavation and stone work, brick and carpenter work, plastering and painting will be considered.

Plans and specifications may be examined at office of Millvale Iron Works, Bennett Station, West Penna. R. R.

The Board of Directors reserve the right to reject any or all the bids. By order of the Board

jy31:m89 C. A. BURROWS, Sec'y.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.

HARRISBURG GAS WORKS, JULY 27, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Harrisburg Gas Works until the 15th DAY OF AUGUST, for the delivery of Gas Coal to be used during the next year up to September 1, 1870. The coal must be of the very best quality for the manufacture of gas and delivered at the works.

All communications should be addressed to the undersigned, who will give all further information on the subject.

GEORGE BERGNER, Secretary.

jy.9:m78

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR FROM NEW WHEAT.—We are now receiving a shipment of choice TENNESSEE NEW AMBER and WHITE WHEAT, which we are mixing with our Old Wheat in such proportions as to make an article of Family Flour equal if not superior to any in the market.

The merits we claim for this Flour are that of being manufactured from strictly choice number one Southern Amber and White Wheat, with the most approved machinery, by experienced millers. Our Brands are:

THREE STAR PEARL GREEN BRAND, made from Choice White Wheat, unsurpassed as Pastry Flour.

TWO STAR DOUBLE EXTRA, BLUE BRAND, from selected White and Amber Wheat, unsurpassed as a Family Flour.

PEARL RED BRAND from selected amber and best grades of Red Winter.

To prevent fraud in refilling our sacks we now seal them with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

jy21:m88 Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, 347 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massilon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WAIT, LANG & CO.,

jy21 174 and 174 Wood Street.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.

**

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Birmingham Councils meet to-night.

To-Morrow the Temperance men hold their Convention to nominate a County Commissioner.

Committed.—Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday committed to jail Eliza Weber for disorderly conduct.

Regular Meeting.—A regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Controllers will be held this evening at 7½ o'clock.

Pic-Nics are the order of the day. Scarcely a day passes without a quota of half a dozen of these popular entertainments.

Boy Wanted.—A good, active boy is wanted at this office. The work is light; but must be performed principally at night. Apply at the Composing Room to-day between the hours of two and four o'clock.

"Informers" against violators of the liquor laws make the business pay. Last month they realized from the business before Mayor Brush alone over four hundred dollars, while that before the various Aldermen of the vicinity showed more than double this amount.

Nymphs at War.—Barbara J. Moody, complained to Alderman McMasters, yesterday, that Kate McCauly, a companion had surreptitiously obtained a portion of her wearing apparel, valued at twelve dollars and eighty cents. Kate was brought to the Aldermans office, and arranged for an explanation of the matter to-morrow.

Violations of the Liquor Law.—Informations were made yesterday by Chief of Police Hague, against James Donavan, Fred Holstein, tavern-keepers, for selling liquor on Sunday, and H. S. Rosenbach, druggist, on Smithfield street, and John Cochran, tavern-keeper, for selling liquor on Sunday and selling without license. The accused each gave bail for a hearing.

Fell Down Stairs.—Yesterday afternoon, Leopold Sneider, residing at No. 25 Center street, Allegheny, accidentally fell down stairs and broke his neck by the fall. Coroner Clawson held an inquest, when a verdict in accordance with the facts was rendered. He was an elderly man and leaves a family of adult children.

Rowdyism.—The corner of Craig and Robinson streets, Allegheny, has become a great resort for rowdies and roughs from all parts of the ward. They congregate there night after night, and contrive to pass the hours in a manner agreeable to their tastes by insulting passers-by, and occasionally stir up a little row for excitement. The locality should be attended to at once by the police.

Two Boys Drowned.—Sunday afternoon about four o'clock Francis Larkin and Michael Connelly, boys, employed as messengers by the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company, were drowned near Titusville. They were passing over a bridge near that place when Larkin accidently fell from it into the water, and Connelly sprang after him with a view to rescue, but unfortunately, both were drowned. The bodies were recovered.

In Looking over the list of arrivals at the various hotels at Bedford Springs, we notice the names of General Cameron and J. D. Cameron of Harrisburg, and Judge Thompson of Philadelphia. and the following Pittsburghers; John H. Hampton, A. N. Logan, M. Silomand, J. P. Wood, R. Jamieson and wife, S. Meyers, J. R. Schelling, J. Davis and son, R. Fleischman wife and son and P. M. Ward; and from Allegheny Rev. Dr. Howard and J. Dean.

Explosion.—Friday last, about noon, George Fetterman, engineer at Baums' well, Scrubgrass station, up the Allegheny river, by mistake attempted to oil the machinery with nitro-glycerine instead of lard oil, when an explosion occurred, Fetterman was blown to pieces and his brother, who was standing by, was so badly injured that death will probably result. Another man was injured, though not dangerously.

Another Warning.—As long as people will persist in the foolish practice of getting on and off the front platform of street cars in motion just so long may accidents be expected such as that which happened to James McCombs, a resident of Allegheny, who attempted to get on the front platform of a Manchester car, Saturday night, but missed his step, and as a result had one of his hands run over by the wheel and severely lacerated. Dr. N. W. White attended his injuries.

Alleged Attempted Burglary.—Wm. Simpson made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against Thomas White for attempted burglary. The prosecutor keeps a grocery store in Lawrenceville, and alleges that White, who is a boy fourteen or fifteen years of age, was observed making an attempt to break into the store about daylight yesterday morning. The information was made from information received. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

We Understand that the Humboldt Monument Committee, and the Park Commissioners have agreed upon a site on which to erect the proposed monument. The place selected is in the north western end of the commons, about midway between North avenue, the railroad, the penitentiary and Irwin avenue. We have not heard that any plan for the monument has as yet been definetly agreed upon, but it seems to be settled that it shall consist of a granite pedestal surmounted by a bronze bust of the great philosopher.

Pittsburgh Letter Carriers' Report.—Following is the report of the letter carriers for the month of July:

	DELIVERED.	COLLECTED.
Mail Letters	106,871	84,803
Drop Letters	17,962	16,216
Papers	36,764	3,151
Total	161,597	104,170

Throughout the business part of the city there are five deliveries and six collections every day. The last collection is made after eight o'clock in the evening.

Fire Engines and Hose.—Last evening a meeting of the Committee Fire Engines and Hose, of the City Councils, was held at the usual place. There was a full attendance of the members of the Committee.

Warrants to the amount of $6,180 were ordered to be drawn for various purposes.

After some discussion, the four ply hose, manufactured by the New York Belting Company, was adopted for the use of the fire department, and a Committee appointed to procure the quantity required.

The meeting then adjourned.

OHIO PRESBYTERY.

Sixth and Last Day of the Linn Trial—The Accused Speaks His Piece—The Case Summed Up by Dr. McKinney—The Secret Session and the Verdict.

The sixth day of the trial of the Rev. S. P. Linn, before the Ohio Presbytery, commenced yesterday morning, when the Presbytery assembled at half past nine o'clock. The attendance was as large as usual and the interest in the case seemed to be unflagging.

The Moderator, Rev. Mr. Gillespie, opened the proceedings with prayer.

The Clerk being absent the reading of the minutes was dispensed with, and Rev. Mr. Watring appointed clerk *pro. tem.*

The Moderator then directed the defense to proceed with their argument.

"POINTS" OF THE PROSECUTION.

Mr. Linn, previous to commencing his argument, requested the prosecution to state the points on which they should ask for conviction, as up to that time the defense was ignorant of "those points." He asked this, first, because in all courts, especially where but one address is made by the prosecution, the defense is enlightened as to the basis of the claim for conviction; second, because it was due to the defense to be allowed time to bring testimony as well as authority and law, if necessary, to refute those claims; third, because of the remark made to him by Dr. McKinney, on Saturday, "Wear your coat of mail; I intend to say something sharp." The defense did not know what the prosecution would refer to, and would ask that they would be strictly confined to the testimony adduced.

Dr. McKinney said before doing so, he desired to state that the remark made to Linn was in a playful manner, and not intended as a threat. He then stated that what the prosecution would claim had been established, which, briefly stated, were that Mr. Linn was guilty of unministerial conduct, and that he was unfit to occupy the position of a minister.

MR. LINN SPEAKS.

Mr. Linn then commenced his arguments and after a few opening remarks upon his trying position and the charges which, if proven, would ruin him forever, took up the evidence adduced on both sides and examined it at great length. The first point touched upon was the appearance of Mr. Carey and daughter, from Cleveland, who he said had not been cited by him, but had appeared providentially to refute the charges made. He referred to the testimony of the woman whom he was charged with having assaulted on the bridge, and before God asserted that her testimony was true as far as he knew. Nothing that the prosecution could adduce could discredit that testimony. It had been providentially corroborated by Mr. Hartung, of Allegheny. The charge of receiving lewd publications had also been disposed of by the testimony of a person whose experience had been quite as ample as that of Mr. Riddle.

COMPLIMENTARY LETTERS.

He read a letter from Mr. Jos. Hall, a member of the Session of the Connellsville church, addressed to the Presbytery, and stating that the session had called Mr. Linn to supply the pulpit, and that only two private members of the congregation had objected. He inquired, in view of this letter, why that item had been placed among the charges; he had been told that it had been inserted for "sport."

Is it just to attempt to injure a ministers character for *sport!* A letter from the Presbytery of the Western Reserve, setting forth that Mr. Linn had been permitted to labor beyond the bounds of Presbytery, and commending him as a faithful and able minister wherever he might visit, was next read.

THE CLEVELAND MATTER.

This was followed by a complimentary extract from the Cleveland *Herald*, and by a letter from Rev. Mr. Faulkner, of Sharon, stating that a few days since he had met a Cleveland lady, who had fully corroborated his (Mr. Linn's) statement. He rejoiced in his heart that the Cleveland matter had been brought into the case. The parties who had instigated these proceedings had not come forward, but had written articles for the Cleveland press defaming him. The editors of those papers having seen the reports in the Pittsburgh papers, had denounced these efforts. He had left the church there because of the dissensions in the congregation; had sacrificed his bright prospect, had violated the promptings of his heart, in order that the church might be saved; for this his character had been traduced; the rumors had pursued him to Cincinnati, and had followed him to this city. He had walked along the street feeling almost like a criminal, and totally unable to defend himself against them. But against the advice of his counsel, testimony bearing on these rumors had been taken, and they had been shown to be without foundation.

MORE EPISTOLARY ENDORSEMENTS.

Following this he read a letter from Mr. Tabor of Cleveland, who had been called by the defense, in which the writer stated that he was an unwilling witness at the trial, and deeply sympathized with the respondent. In commenting on the letter, Mr. Linn stated that it was written several weeks after his resignation in Cleveland. Since then the writer had been alienated from him. This was a dagger in his heart. Mr. Tabor was one of the most godly men he had ever known, had been his counsellor and support, and it was one of the severest trials to which he had been subjected, to know that these rumors had alienated him. He next read a letter from Hon. Mr. Parsons, expressing his hope that he would be delivered from the persecutions of his enemies. The point he wished to make was this, if all these charges made against him were true, would all these endorsements be given him? He desired to press the point? It was most important to him. It could be shown by the records that under his pastorate the church was never more prosperous before or since; it had more additions; the contributions for every cause were large. Why, then, were these matters, embracing nine tenths of the charges set forth? He had understood they had been brought forward for effect, but he thanked God the effect had been far different than what was intended. He did not profess to be a model of piety; he had been indiscreet; as all young men are. But he had entered the ministry because he considered it the noblest work one could engage in, and he intended, by the help of God, to remain in it, and to do what little might be in his power, for the cause of Christ.

He next read a letter from a member of the Court, referring to the manner in which the trial had been conducted thus far. Also one from elders of the church of Waynesburg regarding the call from that congregation.

THAT SEMINARY ARTICLE.

The speaker then referred to the more material points of the charges, and said that the charge of untruthfulness, was for the express purpose of attacking his reputation so as to destroy the credibility of the statements contained in an article on the Western Theological Seminary. He then proceeded to allude to the testimony adduced by the prosecution on this point of veracity. In reference to his fourth year course at the Seminary, he claimed that he was a student; his name appeared upon the catalogue, and if there was no fourth year course he had made one for the institution, and it should be continued. In writing the Seminary article, he meant no personal attack upon the faculty, but simply desired to call attention to the management. He felt called upon to defend the institution from the misconstruction arising out of that article, and desired to defend the Professors, who were the leading lights of Old School Presbyterian Church, from the charge of a want of veracity. He did claim the right, however, to criticise the Seminary when he thought the conduct of its officers demanded it, and contended that for so doing he should not be subjected to charges that he was an immoral young man, that he was defaming the character of the Professors, and that he wished to destroy the institution.

INCITEMENT OF THE PROSECUTION.

The speaker next considered the *incitement* of the prosecution, and said: If it was to purge the church of an improper and immoral person, then it was proper. He could not believe, however, that such was the motive. He could not separate it from the Seminary article. He did not believe all the members of the Presbytery believed that the trial and the article were not connected. They may have considered him a bad man; they may have heard the Cleveland rumors and considered him unfit for the ministry. But he urged them now, in the broad light which had been thrown upon these rumors, to judge him by that light.

PROSECUTING "INSTRUMENTS."

He next alluded to the *instruments* of the prosecution, and contended Rev. Mr. Kerr was not the person to have been appointed a chairman, and also complained of the appointment of Mr. A. M. Marshall. He contended that the entire course of the latter during the trial was a permanent indictment against him. [The speaker made some severe personal criticisms upon Mr. M. in reference to the testimony of Miss Smith, but was called to order by the Moderator.] He apologized for the words he used, but said whenever he thought of that testimony, and the implication put upon the word "developed," his blood boiled and he forgot himself. Dr. McKinney, he thought, had exhibited an undue interest in securing a conviction.

FAILURE OF THE PROSECUTION.

In alluding to the activity of the prosecution, he mentioned the energy displayed in hunting up rumors, all of which had proven without foundation, notwithstanding the *confidence* expressed when the charges were made. He denied the charge of falsehood had been proven; he denied that he had been proven guilty of undue familiarity with females, or that he was wanting in chastity. Not a single charge had been proved, and he claimed an immediate acquittal. He said he was astonished at the sympathy which had been excited in his behalf, and while he felt gratified, he could not but feel sorry for the Committee who had conducted the case.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion he took occasion to defend the Moderator against charges of partiality in ruling, and said he felt sure he had acted from pure convictions, and when he held him blameless the world should do likewise. He alluded feelingly to the effect of the prosecution upon him. His life, reputation and all were at stake, but his influence had not been destroyed, his character had been vindicated, and his reputation in the community was higher than ever before. He urged the members of the Court to look calmly at the testimony, and to give him the benefit of any doubt, and then left the matter in their hands, asking God to direct them in their judgment, and to uphold and keep them in the right path.

When Mr. Linn ceased speaking, Mr. Marshall rose to a personal explanation, stating that he had been his friend throughout the trial, but had acted as he conceived his duty as a christian enjoined upon him. He had no feeling in the matter, and was not afraid of the verdict of a christian people upon his conduct.

Presbytery then adjourned until two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Presbytery met at two o'clock, and was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Watring.

The minutes of the morning session were read and approved.

INCEPTION OF THE PROSECUTION.

Dr. McKinney, Chairman of the Prosecuting Committee, proceeded to close the argument on the part of the prosecution and gave a brief history of the inception of the trial, and stated that himself, Dr. Jacobus and Rev. Mr. Eels argued against the prosecution. The Seminary matter, he said, was in the movement at the meeting of Presbytery at Mansfield, and at a subsequent meeting, but it was lost sight of before the trial commenced.

AND THE SEMINARY.

It is probable however, he asserted, that if those letters had not been written the charges would not have been made at that time. The rumors had not then become flagrant. When they appeared, persons inquired, who is it that assails the time honored institutions of our Church? The inquiry became general, and at last it was asserted that young Mr. Linn was the author. Then came the enquiry, who is Mr. Linn; what is he that he should throw the stone at the professors of the Seminary, these enquiries naturally gave rise to rumors, and those rumors became flagrant. Mr. Linn probably wanted notoriety, and he gained an unfortunate one. He then alluded to the charge that the defendant was deprived of his counsel. He contended that the law, not the Presbytery, had excluded Dr. Bittinger; it was plain and explicit on the point. Mr. Linn, however, had able counsel, had every facility for defense, and besides had a house full of sympathizers. He did not cast any reflections upon those sympathizers. It was a noble trait to sympathize with those who seem to be oppressed.

He then proceeded to view the charges and apply the testimony adduced. He claimed that the point aimed at by the prosecution was to show that his conduct was such as to unfit him for the gospel ministry. That, he contended, had been done. It might not be that crimes had been proven, but sufficient had been shown to establish that rumors charged him with acts which unfitted him to discharge the duties of a minister.

DR. M'KINNEY READS FROM "THAT BOOK."

In referring to the want of veracity in regard to stating that Dr. Jacobus had recommended the work, he proceeded to read extracts from the work to show that it was not such a book as would be recommended by the Professors of the Seminary. The first extract read is as follows:

"Pleasure, naked to the waist.
Wite high-flushed cheeks and loose, disheveled hair,
Flung herself 'cross his path; she clasped his knees;
He saw her beauty and was undone."

Dr. Marshall arose to a point of order. The book or its character was not on trial.

The Moderator said he did not consider the book was in evidence, and would so rule.

Without seeming to notice the rule of the Court, Dr. McKinney read another passage, which was evidently intended to have great weight with the jury. It ran thus:

"Presbyterians have so ignored human nature as God made it, that to beings who have eyes, it gives nothing pleasant to see, and to creatures with ears, it gives chiefly dry sermons to hear."

The defense again objected to the reading, claiming that the book was not on trial. But Dr. McKinney had a number of passages marked, and was, determined to read them. He next struck a selection giving the views of a "leading thinker" on matrimony. Here it is:

"A woman ought not to marry for money, but she shouldn't marry a man who cannot make money."

There was further objection, but the Doctor gave another "thought" on the subject of marriage:

"A condition acquiring the continuance of marriage, notwithstanding a change of feeling of the parties, is absurd, shocking and contrary to humanity."

And another:

"Marriage having this peculiarity, that its objects are frustrated when the feelings of both parties are not in harmony with it, should require nothing but the declared will of either party to dissolve it."

BUT MR. LINN OBJECTS.

Mr. Linn—I object to this reading of garbled extracts; it is outrageous. I beg to state, however, that the character of the book has been in evidence. Mr. Foster testified that he had examined it, and he declared it to be good.

Dr. McKinney replied that he did not garble the extracts; he read them entire.

Mr. Carnahan—Said he could not see the point aimed at by the gentleman.

Dr. McKinney—The book is before the court. It has been published under the reputed recommendation of Professors Wilson and Jacobus, and it was proper to show that the book was not such as could be recommended by those gentlemen.

Mr. Linn—I desire it to be understood that those passages were taken from various authors, and are not my thoughts. I quoted from Jeff. Davis, Vallandigham, Voorhees and others, and I might have quoted from Dr. McKinney himself if I had discovered anything striking in his writing. [Laughter.]

Dr. McKinney—Another passage. [Laughter.]

The Moderator—We allowed the largest latitude to the other side, but our understanding is that the book is not in evidence.

Mr. Carnahan—I seriously object to the book. It is not on trial.

Dr. McKinney—The book is not on trial, but its author is. He attempts to put out a book of this character as endorsed by the Professor at the Seminary. I merely wish to show that it is not such a book as would receive their endorsement.

THE ARGUMENT PROCEEDS.

Dr. McKinney said, in regard to the charge of a bruised face and staggering demeanor, that he would admit the charge was not proved. The witnesses who were cited to appear and testify on this point did not attend, they were former associates of the accused, a fact which may account for their unwillingness to testify against him. Although the charge is not proven, what is the inference?

Mr. Linn—The inference is that there is not a word of truth in the charges. If there was, the witnesses would have been here to testify. [Great applause.]

THE KISSING BUSINESS.

The speaker next turned to the Cleveland affair—the kissing of Miss Brough—and argued that the circumstances were of a character to cast reproach upon the accused. It was said that Miss Brough struggled and resisted. The Doctor said that he knew from pleasant experience, forty years ago, that young ladies would struggle even when they did not object to being kissed. They struggled in order that there might be more hugging done. [Laughter.] But in this instance the young lady, when questioned concerning the affair, denied that anything of the kind had taken place. She left the church, however. It was argued from this that there was something wrong on the part of the accused.

THE BRIDGE AFFAIR.

The Patterson difficulty was reviewed, and it was claimed the testimony showed indiscretion.

Then the bridge affair was taken up, but there was little made out of it tending to show that the accused had committed an improper act.

The testimony of Mrs. Davis, said Dr. McKinney, would bear a word of comment. She spoke of a drunken and jealous husband. Was there anything in her conduct to make that husband jealous? Her quick recognition of Mr. Linn, when she appeared before the commission, was not at all favorable to the accused.

Mr. Linn—I desire just here, begging Dr. McKinney's pardon for the interruption, to make a correction. Mrs. Davis did not testify that she had not seen me from the time of the bridge affair up to the day she gave her testimony. She said she had not seen me up to the time of the trial.

Dr. McKinney—That is another bad feature. [Laughter and hisses.]

After further remarks about Mrs. Davis' testimony, Dr. McKinney averted to the charge of receiving obscene publications. He said the testimony of Mr. Riddle, a creditable witness, established the charge.

FINALLY.

The speaker concluded by asking the Presbytery to pity the accused. If this Court in its wisdom rendered a verdict of acquittal, the speaker would be the first to take the young brother by the hand, and would consider him a fit associate for himself or any member of the Presbytery.

After he had concluded his speech, Dr. McKinney suddenly recollected that he had received a letter from Connellsville, which he produced, and stated to the Court that it acquitted Mr. Linn of the charge based on his action in the Connellsville matter.

The Court adjourned to meet at seven o'clock P. M.

THE VERDICT.

The Presbytery reassembled at 7 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, and excluding all but members, proceeded in the consideration of the verdict. In the meantime the excitement outside increased, and several hundred people gathered in the church yard anxious to catch the first announcement of the result. Some adventurous spirits, in their eagerness to witness the proceedings inside, climbed upon the roof of a small shed adjoining and endeavored to peep into the window, but were exceedingly chagrined when the blinds were turned and their view completely obstructed.

The Presbytery remained in session until after ten o'clock, when a conclusion was arrived at as follows:

Resolved, That in the judgment of this Presbytery, the Rev. S. P. Linn is not guilty in manner and form as charged in the presentment upon which he has been tried.

Resolved, Nevertheless that in the course of the trial it has become manifest to the Presbytery that Mr. Linn has committed such imprudences, that Presbytery is moved to caution him to be more guarded in the future.

W. T. BEATTY, Secretary.

The announcement of the result was received with hearty demonstrations of applause by the crowd outside, who seemed to be fully in sympathy with the accused. They remained but a few moments, however, around the premises, discussing the case, and finally dispersed homewards, and the Linn case was over.

Alleged Horse Stealing.

Saturday night Mr. Charles Pford, a butcher, doing business in the Allegheny market, left his horse and spring wagon on the street, outside the market house, for a few minutes while he went to attend his stall. Returning he missed the animal and vehicle, and notwithstanding the most diligent search failed to discover any trace of his property. Yesterday morning a neighbor, while traveling in the vicinity of Col. Duff's residence, on the New Brighton road, about ten miles from the city, discovered the missing wagon on the roadside, and upon further inquiry learned of the presence of the horse in Col. Duff's stable. The horse had been discovered tied to a tree, on Sabbath morning, and the wagon half concealed among a lot of underbrush by one of the Colonel's men, who, rightly suspecting the nature of the case, at once secured the animal to await developments. The property, upon being identified, was promptly turned over to Mr. Pford's friend, who brought all back to the city. Mr. Pford, however, not satisfied with the return of the property, set about to secure the thief, and as a result of his investigation made information before Mayor Drum last evening against Wm. Bowers, whom he suspected as the guilty party. A warrant was issued, bnt the accused has not yet been secured.

Register's Office in July.

Below is a statement of the business at the Register's office for July.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Decedent.	Administrator.	Bond.
A. M. Ryan	Lawrence Ryan	$ 500
James Barr	W. C. Auchinbaugh.	6,000
Jane H. Bullock	S. A. Chambers.	2,400
Martha A. Adams	J. S. H. McClurg	6,000
Susan K. Wade	Wm. Wade	7,000
John W. Foale	Wm. F. Foale	10,000
Chris. Breitenbucher	John Bolkordt	1,000
Michael Strelbig	John R. Strelbig	4,000
John Quinn	Mary H. Quinn	11,380
John Lynch	Jane P. Lynch	100
Henry C. Witter	Wm. G. McCandless	1,600
Alfred Dunlap	Francis J. Hall	500
Jennie Glass	J. J. Glass	100
A. M. Wilson	Jas. P. Brown	400
Thos. Wilson	Geo Wilson	500
James McCleary	Andrew Sach	800
John G. Gimber	F. K. Gimeer	1,200
Robt. McConkey	W. M. McConkey	1,000
Ralph Reed	A. M. Reed	5,000

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Decedent.	Executor.
Eliza O'Connell	Wm. O'Connell.
Jacob Rist	Elizabeth Rist.
Frederick Blasi	Barton Blasi.
John Devlin	Mary Devlin.
Ann Fary	
Jas. Burt	W. C. Auchinbaugh, Esq.
John McKeon	Domeneck Ihmsen. Patrick Kew.
Jos. Ludwig	Louisa Ludwig.
Elizabeth Black	Geo. W. Cobia.
John W. Morrow	Wm. B. Lee.
George Forster	Elizabeth Forster.

Sunday School Picnic.

The annual picnic of the North avenue, M. E. Sunday school, Allegheny, was held at Monitor Grove, Friday last. The members and friends of the school enjoyed a very pleasant exuersion to the Grove, on the steamer Echo, and spent the day in the woods, in the most agreeable manner. The attendance was very large, about seven hundred persons being on the grounds, and engoging with a hearty zest in the pleasures of the occasion. The House of Refuge Brass Band, composed of a number of inmates of that institution, was present through the kindness of Superintendent Avery, and added considerably to the interest of the affair. The company returned to the city in the evening by the steamer, highly pleased with their trip and with happy recollections of the festal celebration.

Heavy Fall.

About half-past one o'clock this morning Robert Brown, a colored youth, fell from a third story window of Lafayette Hall to the pavement below, on Wood street. The colored folks of our vicinity were celebrating the First of August by a festival, and Robert had just taken a seat in the window to cool himself when he lost his balance and fell. He was taken to the office of Dr. King, Fourth avenue, when it was discovered that several teeth had been knocked out, his jaw badly larcerated, but not broken, and his head seriously bruised. He alighted partly on his head. He was insensible after the accident, but soon recovered consciousness. He is a riverman by occupation and resides in Allegheny. The injuries are not considered fatal.

That Defalcation.

We mentioned yesterday that a heavy defalcation had been discovered by an examination of the accounts of a confidential clerk for a manufacturing firm of this city. The matter has been since then undergoing still further investigation, and it is probable that the amount will be several thousands higher than at first anticipated. The clerk at present is absent from the city, but an information will be made upon which he will immediately be arrested. The discovery, in all probability, would not have been made at the present time but for the absence of the party accused. The whole affair is beginning to assume shape and will be made public shortly.

Fire Alarm Telegraph.

July was remarkable for the small number of fires occurring in the city, and the comparatively insignificant loss sustained. In this respect it is stated that no month since the establishment of the Fire Alarm is the report so favorable. From the monthly report of Superintendent Paisley, we learn that there were nine alarms during the month, none of which were false. There were 417 blows struck on the central bell, and 315 blows on the Seventeenth ward bell. The total loss from fire during the month was $145. There was no insurance on this loss.

Ghosts.—Ladies who seem to delight in resembling these nocturnal visitors, by *plastering* powder upon their *pretty* faces, will be surprised to see how much better and more youthful they look when they use Milk of Violets. Its effect upon the skin is truly delightful, and during hot weather it is *so cooling*. Sold by all druggists and fancy dealers.

Bates and Bell,

Offer at low prices,
Figured Grenadines,
Summer Silks,
Lace Mantles,
Silk Mantles,
Ladies under garments.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

Linen Goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

Tents for Camp Meetings.—Hunting and Fishing parties; "A," "Wall" and "Hospital" tents, good as new, at J. H. Johnston's, 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. 22:2w

It is said that the proprietors of the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS rent no less than nine pews from the different denominations in New York city for all those of their employes who will occupy them regularly, free of charge. This is certainly praiseworthy, and it is to be hoped that others who employ a large number of people will follow the example. The above fact, accompanied with the belief that a firm who would look so closely after the morals and welfare of their employes, would not undertake to impose upon the public, has induced us to give the PLANTATION BITTERS a trial, and having found them all they were represented, we cordially recommend them as a tonic of rare merit.—*Observer, July 1st.*

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

Summer Silks, Thin Dress Goods, Marseilles, cheap, at Bates & Bell's, to close the stock.

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Bates & Bell are selling Silk Mantles, Lace Mantles and Linen Goods cheap.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Ladies patronize the Continental.

DIED.

BARR—On Monday morning, August 2d, 1869, ALICE L. BARR, aged 2 months and 13 days, daughter of S. A. and Josephine Barr.

WILSON—On Sunday, August 1st, GRACE WILSON, wife of Samuel Wilson, sr., in the 63d year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, near School House, Monongahela borough, at 1½ o'clock P. M., TO DAY, the 3d of August, to proceed to Unlondale Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SMITH—On Monday morning, August 2d, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of his grandfather, No. 173 South Avenue, Allegheny City, THOS. DOUGLAS, infant son of J. Renwick and Jane B. Smith, aged 6 months and 4 days.

Funeral will take place THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

(McConnellsville, O., papers please copy.)

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $3 00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. A. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., James Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $3 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

SPECTACLES

WEAK EYES!

Persons who are suffering from weak eyes or dimness of vision can find nothing better to restore them to their proper standard than by using

THE SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

An article we can gurantee to be genuine, and at such a price that they will come within the reach of all. All we ask is for you to call and examine them, and we will prove their superiority over all others.

W. G. DUNSEATH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 36 FIFTH AVENUE. jy24

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets, mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO., No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at his house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.

DIETETICS.

DIETETIC PREPARATIONS.

Robinson's Pat. Barley,
Hard's Farinaceous Food,
Hubbell's Prep. Wheat,
Liebig's Chem. Food,
Cox's Spark. Gelatin,
Blair's Liquid Rennet,
Corn Starch, Sago, Tapioca, &c.,

FOR SALE BY

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Cor. SMITHFIELD AND 4th AVENUE. jy22

BANKS.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS.

NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH. CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. J. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my23-TF